PLANNING COMMISSION OF THE CITY OF CALIFORNIA CITY

AGENDA



Meeting Date: Tuesday May 15, 2018.

Time: 6:00 p.m.

Location: Council Chambers, 21000 Hacienda Blvd.

California City, CA 93505

If you need special assistance to participate in this meeting, please contact the Planning Secretary's office at (760) 373-7141. Notification of 72 hours prior to the meeting will enable the City to make reasonable arrangements to ensure accessibility to this meeting. (28 CFR 35.102-35.104 American Disabilities Act Title II)

NOTE: Any writings or documents provided to a majority of the Planning Commission regarding any item on this agenda is available for public inspection in the City Clerk's office at City Hall located at 21000 Hacienda Blvd, California City, Ca during normal business hours, except such documents that relate to closed session items or which are otherwise exempt from disclosure under applicable laws. These writings are also available for review in the public access binder in the Council Chambers at the time of the meeting.

LATE COMMUNICATIONS: Following the posting of the agenda any emails, writings or documents that the public would like to submit to the Commission must be received by the Recording Secretary no later than 3:00 p.m. the Monday prior to the meeting. Past that deadline citizens may bring these items directly to the meeting. Please bring 10 copies for distribution to Commission, staff and the public.

At this time, please take a moment to turn off your cell phones

1. CALL TO ORDER

2. PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE / INVOCATION

3. ROLL CALL

Honorable Chairman Creighton, Commissioners Elmes, Hogan & Trumble

4. APPROVAL OF AGENDA

5. PUBLIC COMMENTS OF ITEMS NOT ON THE AGENDA

Members of the public are welcome to address the Planning Commission only on those items that are not on the agenda over which the Planning Commission has jurisdiction. Please state your name for the record and limit your comments to three minutes. Each member of the public will be given three minutes to speak.

6. PLANNING SECRETARY REPORTS / LATE COMMUNICATIONS

7. CONSENT CALENDAR

All items on the consent calendar are considered routine and non-controversial and will be approved by one motion if no member of the Commission, staff or public wishes to comment or ask questions. (Public comments to be limited to three minutes) Roll call vote required.

CC1: Adopt minutes 09/05/2017, 10/03/2017

8. PUBLIC HEARINGS

<u>PH1:</u> Proposal to adopt Initial Study and Negative Declaration 18-01 to rezone 20 acre of land located at the west half of the east half of south half of the northeast quarter of Section 22, Township 32S, Range 36E, MBD&M in the City of California City, County of Kern from R5 – One Family Residential District Estate Density to M1 – Light industrial & Research and adopt General Plan Amendment 18-01, changing the general plan designation from R5 – One Family Residential District Estate Density to M1- Light industrial & Research

Project Location: The 20 acre parcel is approximately 2 miles Northeast of State Highway 14, about 0.9 miles North of California City Boulevard. APN: 225-083-03.

<u>Project Description</u>: The applicant is Devery Grimshaw, REMAX/Clearview – 8100, California City Boulevard, CA 93505. Ms. Grimshaw proposes an Industrial Business park for cannabis cultivation, solar power generation, storage facilitates or similarly structured industries encompassing 210,000 sq.ft. of buildable area per site plan.

Applicant: Devery Grimshaw, REMAX/Clearview

Parcel Owners: Co-Owners - Devery Grimshaw, REMAX/Clearview & Michael J Meister, LoCam LLC

<u>Environmental Determination</u>: An Initial Study/Negative Declaration (IS/ND) was prepared in accordance with the Lead Agency's Guidelines implementing the California Environmental Quality Act. The IS/ND found that the environmental effects from the project would be less than significant.

Recommendation: Conduct the public hearing, take public testimony, and adopt Resolution PC-05-15 ZC 18-01, adopting Initial Study and Negative Declaration 18-01, General Plan Amendment GPA 18-01, Zone Change ZC 18-01 rezoning 20 acres of land located in the west half of the east half of south half of the northeast quarter of Section 22, Township 32S, Range 36E, MBD&M in the City of California City, County of Kern from R5 – One Family Residential District Estate Density to M1 – Light industrial & Research and adopt General Plan Amendment 18-01, changing the general plan designation from R5 – One Family Residential District Estate Density to M1- Light industrial & Research.

PUBLIC HEARING PROCEDURE

- A. Chairman reads the item
- B. Chairman declares Public Hearing open
- C. Hear Staff Report
- D. Commission questions only
- E. Ask Secretary to report on any communication(s)
- F. Chairman calls for Public Testimony
- G. Close Public Hearing by motion
- H. Commission decision
- I. Commission motion and vote

1. DISCUSSION, PRESENTATIONS & OTHER ACTION ITEMS

D1: Chairman Creighton: Discrepancies in the RM1 district (Discussion only)

D2: Continued Zone change discussion by request of the applicant Edward Borna

2. CONTINUED BUSINESS

3. COMMISSIONER ITEMS AND COMMENTS

This portion of the meeting is reserved for Planning Commissioners to present information, announcements, and items that have come to their attention. Short staff responses may be appropriate. The Planning Commission will take no formal action. A Planning Commissioner member may request to calendar an item for consideration at a future meeting, or refer an item to staff.

Chairman Creighton Vice Chairman Elmes Commissioner Trumble Commissioner Hogan

4. <u>STAFF ANNOUNCEMENTS / REPORTS</u>

5. ADJOURNMENT



REGULAR MEETING CITY OF CALIFORNIA CITY PLANNING COMMISSION

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 5, 2017, 6:00 P.M.

Council Chambers, 21000 Hacienda Blvd. MINUTES

.....

A. CALL TO ORDER

Chairman Pope called the meeting to order at 6:00 p.m. Following the Pledge of Allegiance and Invocation the Planning Technician called the roll:

PRESENT: Chairman Samuel Pope, Vice Chairman Don Trumble,

Commissioners Ron Hogan and Inge Elmes

ABSENT: Commissioner Jim Creighton

B. ADOPTION OF AGENDA

Motion by Commissioner Vice Chairman Don Trumble, second by Commissioner Inge Elmes to adopt the agenda.

Adopt Minutes: No Minutes

C. PUBLIC HEARING

PH:1 – to consider Conditional Use Permit (CUP) 17-03 for a Church to be located in the Aloha Plaza, at 8401 California City Boulevard, Unit 1, for Pastor Lennard Wilds.

Public Comment:

None.

Motion to close public comment by Commissioner Ron Hogan, second by Vice Chairman Don Trumble. 4-0

Motion by Vice Chairman Don Trumble, second by Commissioner Inge Elmes to approve CUP 17-03. Roll call vote as follows:

AYES: Pope, Trumble, Elmes and Hogan

NAYS: None
ABSTAIN: None
ABSENT: Creighton

D. ADJOURNMENT

| Motion by Commissioner Ron Hogan, second by Vice Chairman Don Trumble to adjourn at 6:34 |
|--|
| p.m. 4-0 Motion carried. |
| |
| Respectfully submitted by, |
| |
| Anu Doravari, Planning Technician |
| |
| ADDDOVED BY DEANNING COMMISSION ON |
| APPROVED BY PLANNING COMMISSION ON |

REGULAR MEETING CITY OF CALIFORNIA CITY PLANNING COMMISSION

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 3, 2017, 6:00 P.M.

Council Chambers, 21000 Hacienda Blvd. MINUTES

.....

A. CALL TO ORDER

Chairman Pope called the meeting to order at 6:00 p.m. Following the Pledge of Allegiance and Invocation the Planning Technician called the roll:

PRESENT: Chairman Samuel Pope and Vice Chairman Don Trumble Commissioners Inge Elmes

ABSENT: Commissioner Jim Creighton and Ron Hogan.

B. ADOPTION OF AGENDA

Motion by Commissioner Vice Chairman Don Trumble, second by Commissioner Inge Elmes to adopt the agenda.

Adopt Minutes: No Minutes

C. PUBLIC HEARING

PH:1 – Proposed Lot Merger LM 17-00

Public Comment:

None.

Motion to close public comment by Commissioner Inge Elmes, second by Vice Chairman Don Trumble. 3-0

Motion by Vice Chairman Don Trumble, second by Commissioner Inge Elmes to approve LM 17-00. Roll call vote as follows:

AYES: Pope, Trumble, and Elmes

NAYS: None ABSTAIN: None

ABSENT: Creighton and Hogan

| PH:1 – Proposed Lot Merger LM 17-07 |
|---|
| Public Comment: |
| None. |
| Motion to close public comment by Commissioner Inge Elmes, second by Vice Chairman Don Trumble. 3-0 |
| Motion by Vice Chairman Don Trumble, second by Commissioner Inge Elmes to approve LM 17-07. Roll call vote as follows: |
| AYES: Pope, Trumble, and Elmes NAYS: None ABSTAIN: None |
| ABSENT: Creighton and Hogan |
| ABSENT: Creighton and Hogan D. ADJOURNMENT |
| |
| D. ADJOURNMENT Motion by Commissioner Ron Hogan, second by Vice Chairman Don Trumble to adjourn at 6:40 |
| D. ADJOURNMENT Motion by Commissioner Ron Hogan, second by Vice Chairman Don Trumble to adjourn at 6:40 p.m. 3-0 Motion carried. |



CITY OF CALIFORNIA CITY STAFF REPORT

TO: Honorable Chairman & Members of the Planning Commission

FROM: Craig Platt, Public Works Director

MEETING DATE: May 15, 2018

<u>SUBJECT:</u> Public Hearing to consider Zone Change or **ZC 18-01 & General Plan Amendment or GPA 18-01 and adopting the Initial Study (IS) and Negative Declaration (ND) and approve Resolution No PC 18-01 for applicant Devery Grimshaw, 8100 California City Boulevard, CA 93505.**

STAFF RECOMMENDATION:

Adopt Resolution No PC-05-15 ZC 18-01, recommending that the City Council City of California City (the "City"):

- 1. Adopt the Initial Study and Negative Declaration IS/ND 18-01
- 2. Adopt Zone Change ZC 18-01, and
- 3. Adopt Ordinance No_____ approving General Plan Amendment No GPA 18-01

BACKGROUND:

A. Applicant:

Devery Grimshaw Clearview/REMAX 8100, California City Boulevard CA 93505

B. Property Owners:

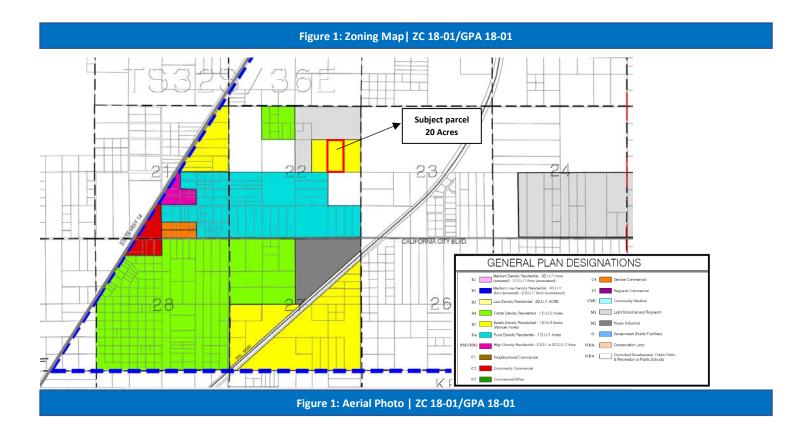
1. Co-Owner: Devery Grimshaw, Clearview/ REMAX

2. Co-Owner: Michael. J. Meister, LoCam LLC

C. General Location:

The 20 acre vacant land is located north of California City Boulevard and east of California State Route Highway 14 bearing Assessor's Parcel Number or APN: 225-083-03 in Section 22, Township 32, Range 36, Latitude 35.1346, Longitude -118.0961 in the City of California City, County of Kern, CA 93505. The property lies within the project area of the 1988-2028 City of California City Redevelopment Plan and Project Area Environmental Impact Report (EIR) (SCH #871109128). The property is located approximately 4.5 miles north of California City Boulevard on the east side of State Highway 14.

Figure 1 in the next page describes the location of the proposed project on a Zoning Map representing surrounding zone designation around the proposed "project".



- D. Existing Zoning & General Plan Designation: (R5) One-family residential district Estate density
- E. **Proposed Zoning:** (M1) Light Industrial

Surrounding General Plan & Zoning:

| Direction | Zoning | Land Use |
|-----------|---|----------|
| North | M1- Light Industrial & Research | Vacant |
| South | O/RA – Open Space/Residential/Agriculture | Vacant |
| East | R5 - One-family residential district Estate density | Vacant |
| West | R5 - One-family residential district Estate density | Vacant |

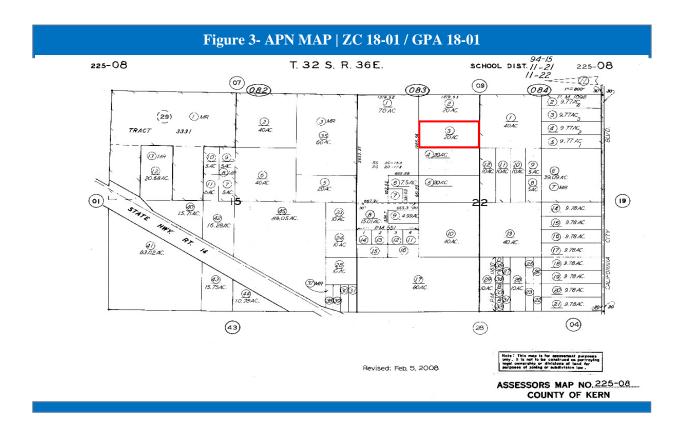
Environmental Considerations:

As a result of the Initial Study or "IS", a Negative Declaration was prepared by the City with a Notice of Intent, which was sent to the State Clearinghouse (SCH# 2018031072) and posted for 30 days for public From March 29, 2018 through April 28, 2018. The City received comments during the review period from the Lahontan Regional Water Quality Control Board ("LRWQCB"), California Department of Fish and Wildlife ("CDFW"), & California Department of Transportation ("Caltrans). The comments are included as **ATTACHMENT 4**. The project proponent is expected to address all comments received prior to obtaining Council Approval. The City Council will take into consideration any and all received comments before taking action on the proposed amendments and environmental determinations considered in Ordinance No.

The Initial Study Checklist (**ATTACHMENT 3**) for the General Plan Amendment, Zone Change, Zone Map Amendment, shows that this project would **not** result in potentially significant impacts to the environment.

Figure 2 & 3 in the next page identify the proposed "project" in an aerial setting with the Assessor's Parcel map.

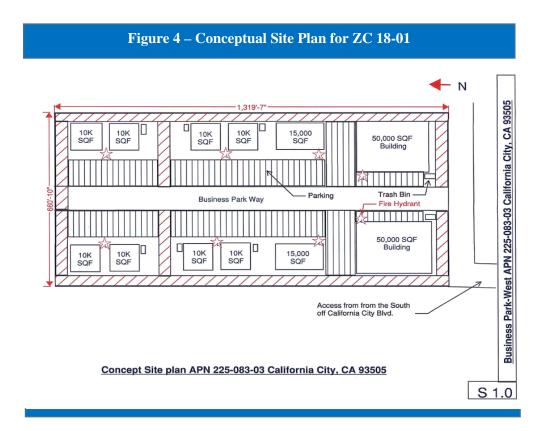




Project Description:

Devery Grimshaw, REMAX/ Clearview & Michael. J. Meister, LoCam LLC (the "Applicant") are requesting a general plan amendment (General Plan and Zoning Map) from R5 - Estate Density Residential to M-1 Light Industrial for the purpose of creating a 20 acre Industrial business park with a potential for cannabis cultivation, solar power generation, storage facilitates or similarly structured industries. While the applicant has not committed to a specific development proposal of the land, conceptual site plans, (please see *Figure 4*) have been submitted. The operational Statement provided by the applicant is attached as **ATTACHMENT 5.**

Figure 4 is a conceptual site plan describing the intended proposal for an Industrial Park. The applicant envisions 210,000 sq.ft. of Industrial space per Site Plan for future Industrial use.



DISCUSSION:

The proposed "project" is surrounded by three different zoning designations, M1- Light Industrial to the North, O/RA – Open Space Residential or Agriculture to the South and R5 – Estate Density Residential to the East and West. All surrounding parcels are currently vacant. The proposed project would establish consistency to the adjacent Industrial Zone and enhance quality of life for residents in the immediate vicinity by creating economic opportunities not only within the City but also surrounding areas due to the proximity to State Highway 14.

The California City Final General Plan 2009-2028 describes the intent of M1 - Light Industrial Research Zone to be as follows: "land development for restricted, non-intensive manufacturing, processing and storage activities which do not have the potential for detrimental impacts on surrounding properties. This land use designation also includes uses such as research/office park developments in conjunction with light industrial use where such locations are compatible with adjacent residential lands (Establish M1- Zoning consistency)"

The O/RA Zone District is limited with regard to the extent of urbanization that may occur. The purpose of the Open Space, ("O") Zone District is to provide for the preservation and conservation of unique natural resource lands, protection and preservation of unique wildlife resources and habitats, protection against flooding by storm water in flood prone areas and

the establishment of active and passive recreational uses. The Residential/Agricultural ("RA") District provides living area which combines the advantages of urban and rural location by limiting development to very low density one-family dwellings and permitting animals and fowl to be kept for pleasure or hobbies. The R5 – One-family residential district – Estate Density is established to implement density standards of the General Plan.

The intent of Ordinance No______ is to amend the General Plan and Zoning map to enable the proposed Zone Change 18-01 to be developed as M-1 Light Industrial Zone with relevant development standards. This specific parcel demonstrates compatibility to surrounding uses since it is bound by M1 on the Northern boundary and could potentially create an industrial zone to serve the residential districts in the vicinity.

On May 5, 2018 a Notice of Intent to consider this a Negative Declaration, Zone Change and General Plan Amendment was published in the *Antelope Valley Press*. Further, property owners owning land within 300' of the project site received a notice of this public hearing.

Attachments:

- 1) Draft Planning Commission Resolution
- 2) Biological Resources Assessment
- 3) Initial Study and Negative Declaration
- 4) Comment Letters
- 5) Operational Statement

ATTACHMENT 1

PLANNING COMMISSION RESOLUTION NO. PC-05-15 ZC 18-01

A RESOLUTION OF THE PLANNING COMMISSION OF THE CITY OF CALIFORNIA CITY RECOMMENDING THAT THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF CALIFORNIA CITY TAKE THE FOLLOWING ACTIONS: (1) ADOPT OF INITIAL STUDY & NEGATIVE DECLARATION; (2) ADOPT GENERAL PLAN AMENDMENT GP- 18-01 TO CHANGE THE GENERAL PLAN DESIGNATION FOR 20 ACRE PARCEL LOCATED APPROXIMATELY 4.5 MILES EAST OF STATE HIGHWAY 14 AND 1 MILE NORTH OF CALIFORNIA CITY BOULEVARD FROM ESTATE DENSITY RESIDENTIAL (R5) TO LIGHT INDUSTRIAL ZONE (M1); (3) ADOPT ZONE CHANGE NO. 18-01

THE PLANNING COMMISSION OF THE CITY OF CALIFORNIA CITY HEREBY RESOLVES AS FOLLOWS:

WHEREAS, the City Council of the City of CALIFORNIA CITY adopted the 2015-2035 General Plan on June 21, 2016;

WHEREAS, California Government Code Section 65358(a) authorizes the City Council to amend the General Plan if it deemed to be in the public interest;

WHEREAS, the General Plan is a long-range, comprehensive document that serves as a guide for the orderly development of the City of CALIFORNIA CITY;

WHEREAS, by its very nature, the General Plan is subject to update and revision to account for current and future community needs;

WHEREAS, an application was filed by **Devery Grimshaw**, Clearview/REMAX, on behalf of co-owner **Michael. J. Meister,** LoCam LLC requesting approval of the following:

- 1. Initial Study/Mitigated Negative Declaration (IS/MND). Certification of the Initial Study Negative Declaration (IS-ND) for the project.
- **2. General Plan Amendment GP-18-01.** Change the land use designation from R5 One Family Residential District Estate Density to M1 Light Industrial & Research to allow for an Industrial Business Park with a potential for cannabis cultivation, solar power generation, storage facilitates or similarly structured industries.
- **3. Rezone ZC 18-01.** A rezone to change the zoning classification from R5 One Family Residential District Estate Density to M1 Light Industrial & Research.

SECTION 1. FACTS:

The Planning Commission finds, determines and declares:

- 1. A duly-noticed public hearing has been conducted to consider the matter;
- 2. Resolution No PC-05-15 ZC 18-01 will be forwarded to the City Council for their consideration;
- 3. This amendment will not result in any significant adverse environmental impacts;
- 4. This amendment will promote the welfare of the community;
- 5. This amendment is consistent with the general plan and the City's zoning ordinance.

6. A change in district boundaries shall not be made conditionally. The Planning Commission shall make its decision and adopt findings within forty-five (45) days following the completion of the public hearing. The Commission shall transmit its decision to the City Council.

SECTION 2. FINDINGS:

A. Finding: The cumulative effect of all the planning applications have been considered.

Facts in Support of Findings: The cumulative effects of General Plan Amendment GP-18-01, Zone Change ZC -18-01 have all been considered. The project required the preparation of an Initial Study/Negative Declaration, which discovered no impact due to the Zone Change alone. As a result, the IS/ND does not provide mitigation measures.

B. Finding: The use is consistent with the General Plan.

Facts in Support of Findings: The project proposes a Zone Change to M1- Light Industrial consistent with parcel located to the Northern side, therefore establishing continuity deviating from a spot zoning scenario. The California City Final General Plan 2009-2028 describes the intent of M1 - Light Industrial Research Zone to be as follows: "land development for restricted, non-intensive manufacturing, processing and storage activities which do not have the potential for detrimental impacts on surrounding properties. This land use designation also includes uses such as research/office park developments in conjunction with light industrial use where such locations are compatible with adjacent residential lands (Establish M1- Zoning consistency)" The proposed project aids in establishing consistency to the neighboring uses and providing a diverse quality of life and employment opportunities in the City, Therefore, the proposed project is consistent with the General Plan.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED that the Planning Commission of the City of California City does hereby approve the Initial Study, Negative Declaration, and Zone Change 18-01 & General Plan Amendment GPA 18-01 for the vacant 20 acre parcel located approximately 4.5 north of California City Boulevard and 0.9 miles east of California State Route Highway 14 bearing Assessor's Parcel Number or APN: 225-083-03 in Section 22, Township 32, Range 36, Latitude 35.1346, Longitude -118.0961 in the City of California City, County of Kern, CA 93505.

I HEREBY CERTIFY that the foregoing resolution was duly passed and adopted by the Planning Commission on the 15th day of May, 2018

| AYES: | | | |
|----------|---------------------|----------|--|
| NOES: | | | |
| ABSENT: | | | |
| ABSTAIN: | | | |
| | _ | Chairman | |
| ATTEST: | | | |
| | Recording Secretary | _ | |

ATTACHMENT 2

Biological Resource Assessment of APN 225-083-03 California City, California

March 6, 2018

Mark Hagan, Wildlife Biologist 44715 17th Street East Lancaster, CA 93535 (661) 723-0086 (661) 433-9956 (M)

B.S. Degree, Wildlife Management Humboldt State University Biological Resource Assessment of APN 225-083-03, California City, California

Mark Hagan, Wildlife Biologist, 44715 17th Street East, Lancaster, CA 93535

Abstract

Development has been proposed for APN 225-083-03, California City, California. The approximately 20 acre (8 ha) study area was located north of California City Boulevard and west of the Southern Pacific railroad tracks, T32S, R36E, the W1/2 of the SE1/4 of the NE1/4 of Section 22, M.D.B.M. A line transect survey was conducted on 5 March 2018 to inventory biological resources. The proposed project area was characteristic of a creosote bush (Larrea tridentata) scrub plant community. A total of twenty-one plant species and fifteen wildlife species or their sign were observed during the line transect survey. No desert tortoises (Gopherus agassizii) or their sign were observed within the study area. Suitable desert tortoise habitat appeared to be present within and adjacent to the study site. No Mohave ground squirrels (Xerospermophilus mohavensis) were observed or audibly detected during the field survey. The habitat within the study area did not appear suitable to support Mohave ground squirrels. No burrowing owls (Athene cunicularia) or their sign were observed within the study area. No sensitive plants, specifically, alkali mariposa lily (Calochortus striatus), desert cymopterus (Cymopterus deserticola), and Barstow woolly sunflower (Eriophyllum mohavense) are expected to occur within the study area due to lack of suitable habitat. A few of the Joshua trees (Yucca brevifolia) and thorn bushes within the study area offer potential nesting sites for migratory birds. Prairie falcons (Falco mexicanus) and other raptors may fly over the site but there are no nesting or roosting opportunities available within the study site. No other state or federally listed species are expected to occur within the proposed project area. No blue line streams were found on the USGS topographic map. No ephemeral washes or streams were observed within the study site.

Recommended Protection Measures:

The proposed project area was located within the geographic range of the desert tortoise. Although desert tortoises are not expected to be present the following desert tortoise protection measures will be implemented:

All personnel will receive an education program. Videos, brochures, books, and briefings may be used in the educational program. The education program will provide information on the natural history of the desert tortoise, its status, and protection measures to be followed during construction.

A qualified biological monitor will be present during construction activities until pre-construction surveys have demonstrated that desert tortoises are not present within the project area and a fence to exclude their entry into the site has been constructed.

Construction areas will be clearly fenced, flagged, or marked to delineate the outer boundaries and define the limit of work activities prior to the initiation of work. Construction areas include parking and equipment staging areas.

Preconstruction surveys will be conducted in work areas. Preconstruction surveys will be conducted by qualified biologists. If any desert tortoises are found during preconstruction surveys or during construction; all work will cease until the desert tortoise leaves the area of its own volition or appropriate permits are obtained to relocate the animal.

All workers will inspect underneath parked vehicles prior to operating them. If a desert tortoise is found beneath a parked vehicle, the vehicle will be left parked until the desert tortoise leaves of its own volition to a safe location.

Construction activities between dusk and dawn will not be permitted in areas supporting native vegetation.

At the end of each work day, all open excavations will be backfilled or otherwise altered to prevent desert tortoise from being trapped in them. While excavations remain open, a biological monitor will check for trapped desert tortoises and other wildlife at least three times each day.

All trash and food items will be promptly contained and regularly removed from work areas to reduce the attraction of common ravens (*Corvas corax*) and other desert tortoise predators to the area.

If possible, removal of vegetation will occur outside the breeding season for migratory birds. Nesting generally lasts from February to July but may extend beyond this time frame. If vegetation removal will occur during or close to the nesting season, a qualified biologist will survey all areas to be disturbed as close as possible but no more than one week prior to disturbance. If active bird nests are found, impacts to nests will be avoided by either delaying work or establishing initial buffer areas of a minimum 50 feet (16 m) around active migratory bird species nests. The project biologist will determine if the buffer areas should be increased or decreased based on the nesting bird response to disturbances.

Significance: This project is not expected to result in a significant adverse impact to biological resources.

Development has been proposed for APN 225-083-03, California City, California (Figure 1). Development would include installation of access roads, utilities (water, sewer, electric, gas), parking areas, etc. The entire area would likely be graded prior to construction activities.

An environmental analysis should be conducted prior to any development project. An assessment of biological resources is an integral part of environmental analyses (Gilbert and Dodds 1987). The purpose of this study was to provide an assessment of biological resources potentially occurring within, or utilizing the proposed project area. Specific focus was on the presence/absence of rare, threatened and endangered species of plants and wildlife. Species of concern included the desert tortoise (*Gopherus agassizii*), Mohave ground squirrel (*Xerospermophilus mohavensis*), burrowing owl (*Athene cunicularia*), desert kit fox (*Vulpes macrotis*), prairie falcon (*Falco mexicanus*), desert cymopterus (*Cymopterus deserticola*), Barstow woolly sunflower (*Eriophyllum mohavense*), and alkali mariposa lily (*Calochortus striatus*).

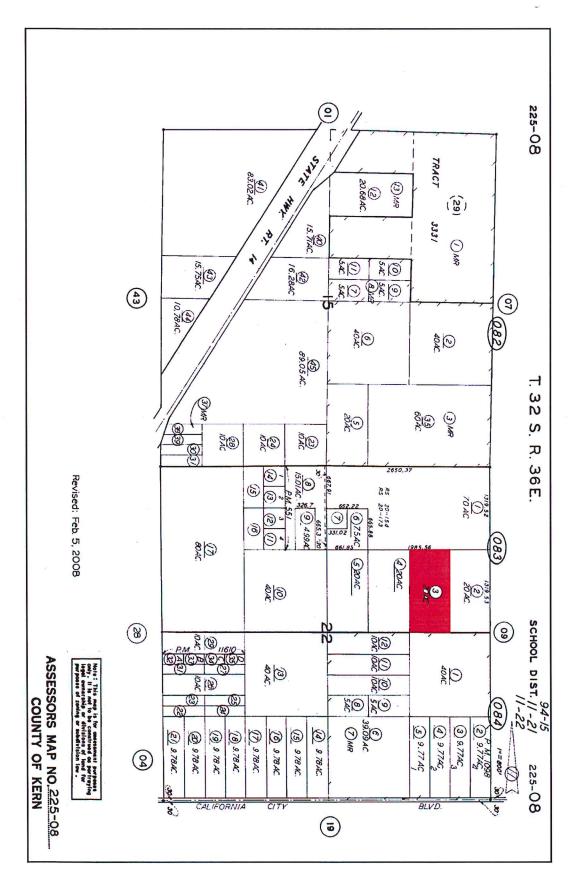


Figure 1. Approximate location of proposed project area as depicted on APN map.

Study Area

The approximately 20 acre (8 ha) study area was located north of California City Boulevard and west of the Southern Pacific railroad tracks, T32S, R36E, the W1/2 of the SE1/4 of the NE1/4 of Section 22, M.D.B.M. (Figures 2 and 3). Creosote bush scrub (*Larrea tridentata*) habitat was present north, south, east, and west of the study area. Topography of the study area was approximately 2,700 feet (871 m) above sea level.

Methods

A line transect survey was conducted to inventory plant and wildlife species occurring within the proposed project area (Cooperrider et al. 1986, Davis 1990). Line transects were walked in a north-south orientation. Line transects were approximately 1,320 feet (426 m) long and spaced about 35 feet (11 m) apart (U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service 2010).

All observations of plant and animal species were recorded in field notes. Field guides were used to aid in the identification of plant and animal species (Arnett and Jacques 1981, Borror and White 1970, Burt and Grossenheider 1976, Gould 1981, Jaeger 1969, Knobel 1980, Robbins et al. 1983, Stark 2000). Observations were aided with the use of 10x50 and 10x42 binoculars. Observations of animal tracks, scat, and burrows were also utilized to determine the presence of wildlife species inhabiting the proposed project area (Cooperrider et al. 1986, Halfpenny 1986, Lowrey 2006, Murie 1974). Aerial photographs, California Natural Diversity Database (Sanborn and Mojave NE), and the USGS topographic maps were reviewed. Photographs were taken of the study site (Figure 4).

Results

A total of 16 line transects were walked on 5 March 2018. Weather conditions consisted of moderate temperatures (estimated 55 to 60 degrees F), 0% cloud cover, and moderate to high winds. Sandy loam surface soil texture was observed throughout the study area. No blue line streams were found on the USGS topographic maps. No ephemeral washes or streams were observed within the study site.

The proposed project area was characteristic of a creosote bush scrub habitat (Barbour and Major 1988). A total of twenty-one plant species were observed during the line transect survey (Table 1). The dominant shrub species throughout the study area was creosote bush scrub. Schismus (*Schismus* sp.) was the dominant annual species throughout the study area. No alkali mariposa lilies, Barstow woolly sunflowers, desert cymopterus, or suitable habitat, for these plant species were observed within the study site.

A total of fifteen wildlife species, or their sign were observed during the line transect survey (Table 2). No desert tortoises or their sign were observed within the study area. No Mohave ground squirrels were observed or audibly detected during the field survey. No burrowing owls or their sign were observed within the study area. No desert kit fox or their sign were observed within the study site.

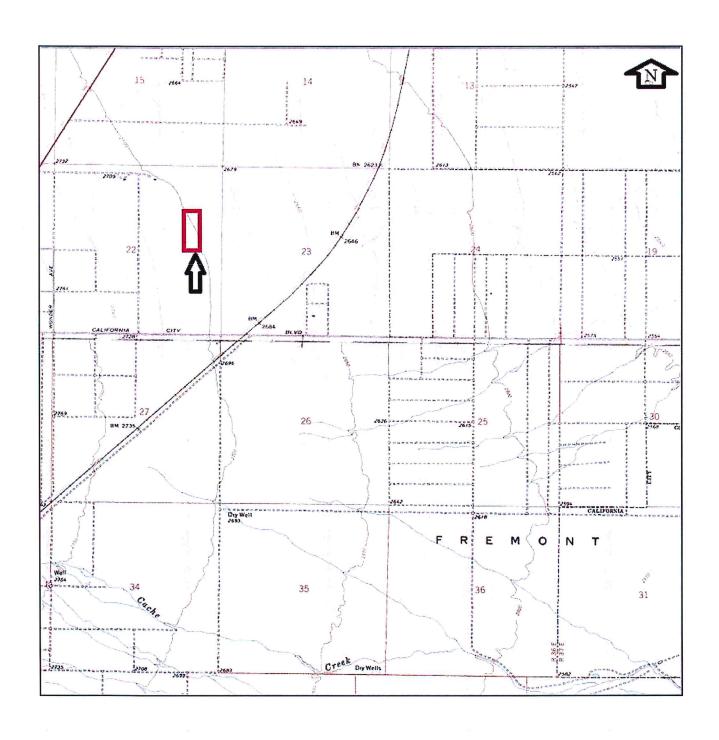


Figure 2. Approximate location of study area as depicted on excerpts from USGS Quadrangles, Mojave NE, Calif, 7.5', 1994 and Sanborn, Calif, 7.5', 1994.



Figure 3. Aerial photograph showing surrounding land use, Google Earth, dated 2015.





Figure 4. Photographs depicting the general habitat of the study site.

Table 1. List of plant species that were observed during the line transect survey of APN 225-083-03, California City, California.

Common Name

Joshua tree Creosote bush Burrobush Anderson thorn Peachthorn Cotton thorn Silver cholla Cheesebush

Goldenhead

Turkey mullein Lacy phacelia Comet blazing star

Gilia

Spotted buckwheat

Fiddleneck

Red stemmed filaree

Mustard sp.

California mustard

Cheatgrass Schismus

Annual burweed

Scientific Name

Yucca brevifolia
Larrea tridentata
Ambrosia dumosa
Lycium andersonii
Lycium cooperi
Tetradymia spinosa
Opuntia echinocarpa
Hymenoclea salsola

Acamptopappus sphaerocephalus

Eremocarpus setigerus Phacelia tanacetifolia Mentzelia albicaulis Gilia minutiflora Eriogonum maculatum Amsinckia tessellata Erodium cicutarium Brassicaceae

Caulanthus lasiophyllus

Bromus tectorum Schismus sp.

Franseria acanthicarpa

Table 2. List of wildlife species, or their sign, that were observed during the line transect survey of APN 225-083-03, California City, California.

Common Name

Rodents
Pocket gopher
Kangaroo rat
Desert cottontail
Black-tailed jackrabbit

Sheep

Domestic goat

Common raven Sage sparrow

White crowned sparrow

Bee

Darkling beetle Spider sp. Harvester ants

Fly

Scientific Name

Order: Rodentia
Thomomys bottae
Dipodomys sp.
Sylvilagus auduboni
Lepus californicus

Ovis sp. Capra hircus

Corvus corax Amphispiza belli Zonotrichia leucophrys

Order: Hymenoptera Coelocnemis californicus

Order: Araneida Order: Hymenoptera Order: Diptera Tire tracks were observed within the study area. Sheep (*Ovis* sp.) grazing sign was observed within the study area. Metal posts delineated the northern boundary of the study site.

Discussion

It is probable that some annual species were not visible during the time the field survey was performed. Based on the habitat, no sensitive plant species are expected to exist on the study site. Although not observed, several wildlife species would be expected to occur within the proposed project area (Table 3).

Burrowing animals within the proposed project area are not expected to survive construction activities. More mobile species, such as lagomorphs (rabbits and hares), coyotes (*Canis latrans*), and birds are expected to survive construction activities. Development of this site will result in less cover and foraging opportunities for species occurring within and adjacent to the study area.

The desert tortoise is a state and federal listed threatened species. The proposed project area was located within the geographic range of the desert tortoise. The proposed project site was not located in critical habitat designated for the Mojave population of the desert tortoise. No desert tortoises or their sign were observed within the study area. Desert tortoises are not expected to be present within the study area.

Burrowing owls are considered a species of special concern by the California Department of Fish and Wildlife (CDFW). No burrowing owls or their sign were observed within the study area. No potential cover sites for burrowing owl were observed within the study area.

Many species of birds and their active nests are protected under the Migratory Bird Treaty Act. A few of the Joshua trees (*Yucca brevifolia*) and thorn bushes within the study area offer potential nesting sites for migratory nesting birds. Prairie falcons and other raptors may fly over the site but would not be expected to nest within the study area due to a lack of suitable nesting habitat.

The Mohave ground squirrel (MGS) is a state listed threatened species. The proposed project site was located within the geographic range of the MGS. Cover and forage for MGS appeared to be limited within and around the study site. The farthest documented movement of MGS is 3.9 miles (Harris and Leitner 2005). The closest documented MGS to the study area was 3.9 miles sighted in 1998 (California Natural Diversity Database, 2015). This sighting was prior to construction of the Highway 58 bypass which created a barrier to movement making immigration into the study area unlikely when considering it with the following factors. No winterfat (Eurotia lanata), or spiny hopsage (Grayia spinosa) were found on the study site. These two species are considered important forage for MGS. Dr. Leitner (2008) determined that combined densities of winterfat and spiny hopsage greater than 250 to 300 per ha (2.5 acres) are associated with occupancy of MGS. Dr. Leitner postulated based on trapping surveys in the southern portion of the MGS range that densities < 24/ha of spiny hopsage and < 100/ha of winterfat on a site was considered poor forage and may be related to the absence of MGS. No streams or washes were noted on the study site. Absence of this habitat feature further lessens the likelihood of MGS presence on the study site or their ability to persist during long term drought conditions (Logan 2016). Sheep grazing appears to be having a significant

Table 3. List of wildlife species that may occur within the study area, APN 225-083-03, California City, California.

Common Name

Deer mouse

Merriam kangaroo rat

Coyote

Mourning dove

Northern mockingbird

Horned lark

House finch

Side blotched lizard

Western whiptail

Mojave rattlesnake

Gopher snake

Grasshopper

Butterfly, white

Painted lady butterfly

Ladybird beetle

Beetle, fuzzy, black

Spider sp.

Dragonfly

Moth

Scientific Name

Peromyscus maniculatus

Dipodomys merriami

Canis latrans

Zenaida macroura

Mimus polyglottos

Eremophila alpestris

Carpodacus mexicanus

Uta stansburiana

Cnemidophorus tigris

Crotalus scutulatus

Pituophis melanoleucus

Order: Orthoptera

Order: Lepidoptera

Order: Lepidoptera

Hippodamia convergens

Edrotes ventricosus

Order: Araneida

Order: Odonata

Order: Lepidoptera

impact on habitat structure and diversity. The continual sheep grazing in desert habitat may be impacting the sustainability of MGS particularly during consecutive low rainfall years. No wildlife corridors are expected to exist between the closest core MGS population and the project site. The Little Dixie Wash, postulated by Dr. Leitner (2008) to be one of four core areas for MGS is located approximately 30 miles (48 km) to the northeast and the Desert Tortoise Natural Area, a recognized MGS population area, is located approximately 9 miles (14 km) to the east. Neither population area is considered to have immigration into this project site or the lands adjacent to the site. MGS reproduction appears to be tied to adequate rainfall and forage. In low rainfall years (e.g., less than 6.5 cm [2.6 in.]), they may forego breeding (MGSWG 2011), and breeding may not occur for several years during prolonged drought (Best 1995). Because of the small geographic range of the species, low rainfall can lead to reproductive failure throughout the range (MGSWG 2011, Dudek, 2012). Given the short life span of MGS, approximately 5 to 7 years, if too many years pass with less than 2.6 inches of rainfall this reproductive strategy may cause the extirpation of local populations. Rainfall measured over the last 7 years at Edwards AFB, the closest rainfall station registering data, was 2012: 1.5", 2013: 1.16", 2014: 1.75", 2015: 0.30", 2016: 1.63", 2017: 2.51", and 2018 to date: 0.51" (Armstrong Flight Research 2018). Mohave ground squirrels are not expected to be present within the study area. No protection measures for MGS are recommended.

No suitable habitat for alkali mariposa lily, Barstow woolly sunflower or desert cymopterus was observed within the study site. Based on the results of the field survey these species are not expected to occur within the study area and no protection measures are recommended. No other state or federally listed species are expected to occur within the proposed project area (California Department of Fish and Wildlife 2015, Smith and Berg 1988, U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service 2016).

Landscape design should incorporate the use of native plants to the maximum extent feasible. Native plants that have food and cover value to wildlife should be used in landscape design (Adams and Dove 1989). Diversity of native plants should be maximized in landscape design (Adams and Dove 1989).

Recommended Protection Measures:

The proposed project area was located within the geographic range of the desert tortoise. Although desert tortoises are not expected to be present the following desert tortoise protection measures will be implemented:

All personnel will receive an education program. Videos, brochures, books, and briefings may be used in the educational program. The education program will provide information on the natural history of the desert tortoise, its status, and protection measures to be followed during construction.

A qualified biological monitor will be present during construction activities until preconstruction surveys have demonstrated that desert tortoises are not present within the project area and a fence to exclude their entry into the site has been constructed.

Construction areas will be clearly fenced, flagged, or marked to delineate the outer boundaries and define the limit of work activities prior to the initiation of work. Construction areas include parking and equipment staging areas.

Preconstruction surveys will be conducted in work areas. Preconstruction surveys will be conducted by qualified biologists. If any desert tortoises are found during preconstruction surveys or during construction; all work will cease until the desert tortoise leaves the area of its own volition or appropriate permits are obtained to relocate the animal.

All workers will inspect underneath parked vehicles prior to operating them. If a desert tortoise is found beneath a parked vehicle, the vehicle will be left parked until the desert tortoise leaves of its own volition to a safe location.

Construction activities between dusk and dawn will not be permitted in areas supporting native vegetation.

At the end of each work day, all open excavations will be backfilled or otherwise altered to prevent desert tortoise from being trapped in them. While excavations remain open, a biological monitor will check for trapped desert tortoises and other wildlife at least three times each day.

All trash and food items will be promptly contained and regularly removed from work areas to reduce the attraction of common ravens (*Corvas corax*) and other desert tortoise predators to the area.

If possible, removal of vegetation will occur outside the breeding season for migratory birds. Nesting generally lasts from February to July but may extend beyond this time frame. If vegetation removal will occur during or close to the nesting season, a qualified biologist will survey all areas to be disturbed as close as possible but no more than one week prior to disturbance. If active bird nests are found, impacts to nests will be avoided by either delaying work or establishing initial buffer areas of a minimum 50 feet (16 m) around active migratory bird species nests. The project biologist will determine if the buffer areas should be increased or decreased based on the nesting bird response to disturbances.

<u>Significance</u>: This project is not expected to result in a significant adverse impact to biological resources.

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RESEIVED WITH FEE PECEIPT # 15136850 Transmittal Memorandum

CEQA

FILED KERN COUNTY

Attach one transmittal memorandum to the front of the original CEQA document. Clip copies in back.

- If notice requires F&W receipt, you must provide a minimum of 3 copies of the document.

9 MAR 2 9 2018

MARY B. BEDARD

- If notice does not require F&W receipt, you must provide a minimum of 2 copies of the document.

| | | TYPE OR PRINT CLEA | RLY | MARY S. BEDARD AUDITOR CONTROLLER-COUNTY CLERK |
|---|----------------------------|---|---|---|
| LEAD AGENCY | City of California City | | | BY DEPUTY |
| PROJECT TITLE_ | Initial Study, Negative De | eclaration, and General Plan Amer | ndment 18-01 | |
| PROJECT APPLIC | CANTDevery Grimshaw | , | | |
| | 760-5 | | | |
| | CANT ADDRESS_810 | | | |
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| CHECK DOCUME | ENT BEING FILED: | | | |
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| * Additional copies * Method of return: | Hold for pick-u | 000 Hacienda Blvd. up/Call # | | Interoffice Mail |
| PAYMENT METH | OD: ALL APPLICAI | BLE FEES MUST BE PA | ID AT THE TI | ME OF FILING |
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10/100

Section 21152(C), Public Resources Code

| Print Form |
|------------|
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Appendix C

Notice of Completion & Environmental Document Transmittal

| For Hand Delivery/Street Address: 1400 Tenth Street, Sa | | | CH # |
|--|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|---|
| Project Title: Initial Study, Negative Declaration, and G | Seneral Plan Amendm | nent 18-01 | |
| I and Annual City of Colifornia City | | Contact Person: Ant | J Doravari |
| Mailing Address: 21000 Hacienda Blvd. | | Phone: 760-373-7 | |
| City: California City | Zip: 93505 | County: Kern | - |
| City. damorina city | | | |
| Project Location: County: Kern | City/Nearest Con | | |
| Cross Streets: | - | | Zip Code: |
| Longitude/Latitude (degrees, minutes and seconds): 35 • 13 | 3 '46 "N/-118 ' | ∘09 ′61 ″W To | |
| Assessor's Parcel No.: 225-083-03 | | | nge: 36 Base: M.D.B&M |
| Within 2 Miles: State Hwy #: 14 | | * | |
| Airports: No | | | hools: No |
| | | | |
| Document Type: | | | |
| CEQA: NOP Draft EIR Early Cons Supplement/Subsequent Neg Dec (Prior SCH No.) Mit Neg Dec Other: | | NOI Other: EA Draft EIS FONSI | Joint Document Final Document Other: |
| Local Action Type: | | | |
| ☐ General Plan Update ☐ Specific Plan ☑ General Plan Amendment ☐ Master Plan ☐ General Plan Element ☐ Planned Unit Develope ☐ Community Plan ☐ Site Plan | | iit ision (Subdivision, etc | Annexation Redevelopment Coastal Permit Other: |
| Development Type: | THE PART AND PART AND MAKE NAME AND | | |
| Residential: Units Acres | | | |
| Office: Sq.ft. Acres Employee | es Transpo | ortation: Type | |
| Commercial:Sq.ft. Acres Employee | es Mining: | : Mineral | |
| | es Power: | Type | MW_ MGD |
| Educational: | | Treatment: Type | MOD |
| Recreational: Water Facilities: Type MGD | Other: | Jus Waste. Typo | |
| Transit I desirated 1.1 per | | | |
| Project Issues Discussed in Document: | | | |
| ★ Aesthetic/Visual | ■ Recreation/P | 'arks | ☐ Vegetation |
| ✓ Agricultural Land ☐ Flood Plain/Flooding | Schools/Uni | | Water Quality ■ Mater Quality |
| Air Quality Forest Land/Fire Hazar | | | |
| | Sewer Capac | | Wetland/Riparian |
| ⊠ Biological Resources ⋈ Minerals | | /Compaction/Grading | |
| ☐ Coastal Zone Noise | Solid Waste | | Land Use |
| Drainage/Absorption Population/Housing Ba | | | ☐ Cumulative Effects ☐ Other: |
| ☐ Economic/Jobs ☐ Public Services/Facilit. | ies 🗵 Traffic/Circu | 11411011 | LI Ollot. |
| Present Land Use/Zoning/General Plan Designation: R5 - Estate Density Residential Project Description: (please use a separate page if r. This project proposes to rezone 20 acres of vacant land | necessary) d to M1 Light Industri | ial for the purpose o | f medical cannabis cultivation. |

| Reviewing Agencies Checklist | | | |
|--|---|--|-------------|
| Lead Agencies may recommend State Clearinghouse distr If you have already sent your document to the agency plea | | | |
| Air Resources Board | | Office of Historic Preservation | |
| Boating & Waterways, Department of | *************************************** | Office of Public School Construction | |
| California Emergency Management Agency | | Parks & Recreation, Department of | |
| California Highway Patrol | | Pesticide Regulation, Department of | |
| S Caltrans District #9 | | Public Utilities Commission | |
| Caltrans Division of Aeronautics | S | Regional WQCB #R6 | |
| Caltrans Planning | | Resources Agency | |
| Central Valley Flood Protection Board | | Resources Recycling and Recovery, Department of | |
| Coachella Valley Mtns. Conservancy | | S.F. Bay Conservation & Development Comm. | |
| Coastal Commission | | San Gabriel & Lower L.A. Rivers & Mtns. Conserva | ncy |
| Colorado River Board | | San Joaquin River Conservancy | |
| Conservation, Department of | | Santa Monica Mtns. Conservancy | |
| Corrections, Department of | | State Lands Commission | |
| Delta Protection Commission | | SWRCB: Clean Water Grants | |
| Education, Department of | | SWRCB: Water Quality | |
| Energy Commission | | SWRCB: Water Rights | |
| S Fish & Game Region #4 | | Tahoe Regional Planning Agency | |
| Food & Agriculture, Department of | | Toxic Substances Control, Department of | |
| Forestry and Fire Protection, Department of | | Water Resources, Department of | |
| General Services, Department of | | | |
| Health Services, Department of | | Other: | |
| Housing & Community Development | | Other: | |
| Native American Heritage Commission | | | |
| Local Public Review Period (to be filled in by lead age | ncy) | | |
| Starting Date 03/30/2018 | Endin | g Date 04/29/2018 | |
| Lead Agency (Complete if applicable): | | | - |
| Zoda / igono) (complete ii applicatio). | | | |
| Consulting Firm: | Appli | cant: Devery Grimshaw | |
| Address: | Addre | ess: 8100 California City Blvd. | |
| City/State/Zip: | | State/Zip: California City, CA. 93505 2: 760 - 559 - 5943 | |
| Contact: | | | |
| Phone: | | | |
| | | | |
| Signature of Lead Agency Representative: | Re | Date: <u>3-2-7</u> | <u>-20/</u> |

Authority cited: Section 21083, Public Resources Code. Reference: Section 21161, Public Resources Code.

Incorporated 1965

City of California City

City Hall



PHONE (760) 373-8661

21000 HACIENDA BLVD. - CALIFORNIA CITY, CALIFORNIA 93505

CITY OF CALIFORNIA CITY NOTICE OF INTENT TO ADOPT NEGATIVE DECLARATION FOR ZONE CHANGE ZC 18-01

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a public hearing will be held by the Planning Commission in the Council Chambers at City Hall, 21000, Hacienda Boulevard, California City, CA 93505, to consider an application for Zone Change (ZC-18-01) and General Plan Amendment (GPA – 18-01) for Devery Grimshaw, 8100 California City Boulevard, California City, CA 93505. The applicant proposes to rezone approximately 20 acres of vacant desert land from R5 Estate Density Residential to M1 Light Industrial to accommodate medical cannabis cultivation. The 20 acre vacant land is located north of California City Boulevard and east of California State Route Highway 14 bearing Assessor's Parcel Number or APN: 225-083-03 in Section 22, Township 32, Range 36E, Latitude 35.1346, Longitude -118.0961 in the City of California City, County of Kern, CA 93505. According to the Biological Resources Survey provided by the applicant this project is not expected to result in a significant adverse impact to biological resources (Hagan, 2017). Planning and environmental documents for this project are available to the public at the California City Planning Division, 21000 Hacienda Blvd. or online at www.californiacity-ca.gov

MEETING DATE BY THE PLANNING COMMISSION FOR THIS PUBLIC HEARING: Tuesday, April 3, 2018, at 6:00 p.m. – Planning Commission Meeting

ANY PERSON WISHING TO BE HEARD on this matter may appear and speak at the Planning Commission meeting or may submit their comments in writing directly to the City either in person/mail or via email to planning2@californiacity-ca.gov

Craig Platt

Planning Director

March 20, 2018

APPENDIX G: ENVIRONMENTAL CHECKLIST FORM

NOTE: The following is a sample form and may be tailored to satisfy individual agencies' needs and project circumstances. It may be used to meet the requirements for an initial study when the criteria set forth in CEQA Guidelines have been met. Substantial evidence of potential impacts that are not listed on this form must also be considered. The sample questions in this form are intended to encourage thoughtful assessment of impacts, and do not necessarily represent thresholds of significance.

| 1. | Project title: California City Business Park- West |
|------------|--|
| 2. | Lead agency name and address: |
| | |
| 3. | Contact person and phone number: |
| 3. 4. | Project location: APN 225-083-03 California City, CA 93505 |
| | Project sponsor's name and address: Devery Grimshaw |
| | 8100 Čalifornia City Blvd. California City, CA 93505 PH: 760-559-5943 |
| 6. | General plan designation: M-1/M-2 Industrial 7. Zoning: R5 |
| 8. | Description of project: (Describe the whole action involved, including but not limited to later phases of the project, and any secondary, support, or off-site features necessary for its implementation. Attach additional sheets if necessary.) Develope 4 tilt up and steel buildings ranging in size from 10,000 SQF to 12,000 SQF |
| 9. | Surrounding land uses and setting: Briefly describe the project's surroundings: Surrounding land use consist of Industrial & open residential vacant land |
| 10. | Other public agencies whose approval is required (e.g., permits, financing approval, or participation agreement.) |
| | California City public works, building department and fire department |
| | |
| <u>11.</u> | Have California Native American tribes traditionally and culturally affiliated with the project area requested consultation pursuant to Public Resources Code section 21080.3.1? If so, has consultation begun? N/A |
| | Note: Conducting consultation early in the CEQA process allows tribal governments, lead agencies, and project proponents to discuss the level of environmental review, identify and address potential adverse impacts to tribal cultural resources, and reduce the potential for delay and conflict in the environmental review process. (See Public Resources Code section 21083.3.2.) Information may also be available from the California Native American Heritage Commission's Sacred Lands File per Public Resources Code section 5097.96 and the California Historical Resources Information System administered by the California Office of Historic Preservation. Please also note that Public Resources Code section 21082.3(c) contains |
| | provisions specific to confidentiality |

ENVIRONMENTAL FACTORS POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:

| Signa | nture | | Date | | |
|---------------------------------|---|----------------------------|---|------------------------------|--|
| Signa | nture | | Date | 3 | - |
| becau NEG mitig | I find that although the proposes all potentially significant ATIVE DECLARATION pure ated pursuant to that earlier ation measures that are imposes. | effects rsuant EIR o | (a) have been analyzed ade to applicable standards, and r NEGATIVE DECLARAT | quately l (b) l lON, i | y in an earlier EIR or have been avoided or neluding revisions or |
| signit adequ addre ENV | I find that the proposed projection times in the ficant unless mitigated in importantly analyzed in an earlier desired by mitigation measures IRONMENTAL IMPACT Rein to be addressed. | act on ocume based o | the environment, but at le nt pursuant to applicable lega on the earlier analysis as desc | ast on I stand ribed o | e effect 1) has been lards, and 2) has been on attached sheets. An |
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| | RMINATION: (To be completed to be sometime that it is a completed to be said as in the completed to be sometimes.) | • | e Lead Agency) | | |
| Ш | Significance | | | | |
| | Transportation/Traffic Mandatory Findings of | | Tribal Cultural Resources | | Utilities / Service Systems |
| | Population / Housing | Ļ | Public Services | | Recreation |
| | Land Use / Planning | | Mineral Resources | | Noise |
| | Greenhouse Gas Emissions | | Hazards & Hazardous Materials | s 🔲 | Hydrology / Water Quality |
| | Biological Resources | | Cultural Resources | | Geology /Soils |
| | Aesthetics | | Agriculture and Forestry Resources | | Air Quality |
| least | environmental factors checked one impact that is a "Poten wing pages. | | | | |

EVALUATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS:

- A brief explanation is required for all answers except "No Impact" answers that are adequately supported by the information sources a lead agency cites in the parentheses following each question. A "No Impact" answer is adequately supported if the referenced information sources show that the impact simply does not apply to projects like the one involved (e.g., the project falls outside a fault rupture zone). A "No Impact" answer should be explained where it is based on project-specific factors as well as general standards (e.g., the project will not expose sensitive receptors to pollutants, based on a project-specific screening analysis).
- All answers must take account of the whole action involved, including off-site as well as on-site, cumulative as well as project-level, indirect as well as direct, and construction as well as operational impacts.
- Once the lead agency has determined that a particular physical impact may occur, then the checklist answers must indicate whether the impact is potentially significant, less than significant with mitigation, or less than significant. "Potentially Significant Impact" is appropriate if there is substantial evidence that an effect may be significant. If there are one or more "Potentially Significant Impact" entries when the determination is made, an EIR is required.
- 4) "Negative Declaration: Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated" applies where the incorporation of mitigation measures has reduced an effect from "Potentially Significant Impact" to a "Less Than Significant Impact." The lead agency must describe the mitigation measures, and briefly explain how they reduce the effect to a less than significant level (mitigation measures from "Earlier Analyses," as described in (5) below, may be crossreferenced).
- Earlier analyses may be used where, pursuant to the tiering, program EIR, or other CEQA process, an effect has been adequately analyzed in an earlier EIR or negative declaration. Section 15063(c)(3)(D). In this case, a brief discussion should identify the following:
 - a) Earlier Analysis Used. Identify and state where they are available for review.
 - b) Impacts Adequately Addressed. Identify which effects from the above checklist were within the scope of and adequately analyzed in an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and state whether such effects were addressed by mitigation measures based on the earlier analysis.
 - c) Mitigation Measures. For effects that are "Less than Significant with Mitigation Measures Incorporated," describe the mitigation measures which were incorporated or refined from the earlier document and the extent to which they address site-specific conditions for the project.
- 6) Lead agencies are encouraged to incorporate into the checklist references to information sources for potential impacts (e.g., general plans, zoning ordinances). Reference to a previously prepared or outside document should, where appropriate, include a reference to the page or pages where the statement is substantiated.
- 7) Supporting Information Sources: A source list should be attached, and other sources used or individuals contacted should be cited in the discussion.
- 8) This is only a suggested form, and lead agencies are free to use different formats; however, lead agencies should normally address the questions from this checklist that are relevant to a project's environmental effects in whatever format is selected.

- 9) The explanation of each issue should identify:
 - a) the significance criteria or threshold, if any, used to evaluate each question; and
 - b) the mitigation measure identified, if any, to reduce the impact to less than significance

SAMPLE QUESTION

Issues:

| | Potentially Significant Impact | Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated | - | No Impact |
|--|--------------------------------------|--|---|--------------|
| I. AESTHETICS. Would the project: | | | | |
| a) Have a substantial adverse effect on a scenic vista? | | | | X |
| b) Substantially damage scenic resources, including, but not limited to, trees, rock outcroppings, and historic buildings within a state scenic highway? | | | | X |
| c) Substantially degrade the existing visual character or quality of the site and its surroundings? | | | | X |
| d) Create a new source of substantial light or glare which would adversely affect day or nighttime views in the area? | | | | X |

II. AGRICULTURE AND FORESTRY

RESOURCES. In determining whether impacts to agricultural resources are significant environmental effects, lead agencies may refer to the California Agricultural Land Evaluation and Site Assessment Model (1997) prepared by the California Dept. of Conservation as an optional model to use in assessing impacts on agriculture and farmland. In determining whether impacts to forest resources, including timberland, are significant environmental effects, lead agencies may refer to information compiled by the California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection regarding the state's inventory of forest land, including the Forest and Range Assessment Project and the Forest Legacy Assessment project; and forest carbon measurement methodology provided in Forest Protocols adopted by the California Air Resources Board. Would the project:

| | Potentially Significant Impact | Significant with Mitigation Incorporated | Less Than Significant Impact | No Impact |
|---|--------------------------------------|--|------------------------------------|--------------|
| a) Convert Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide Importance (Farmland), as shown on the maps prepared pursuant to the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program of the California Resources Agency, to non-agricultural use? | | | | |
| b) Conflict with existing zoning for agricultural use, or a Williamson Act contract? | | | | X |
| c) Conflict with existing zoning for, or cause rezoning of, forest land (as defined in Public Resources Code section 12220(g)), timberland (as defined by Public Resources Code section 4526), or timberland zoned Timberland Production (as defined by Government Code section 51104(g))? | | | | X |
| d) Result in the loss of forest land or conversion of forest land to non-forest use? | | | | \boxtimes |
| e) Involve other changes in the existing environment which, due to their location or nature, could result in conversion of Farmland, to non-agricultural use or conversion of forest land to non-forest use? | | | | X |
| III. AIR QUALITY. Where available, the significance criteria established by the applicable air quality management or air pollution control district may be relied upon to make the following determinations. Would the project: | | | | |
| a) Conflict with or obstruct implementation of the applicable air quality plan? | | | | X |
| b) Violate any air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation? | | | | X |
| c) Result in a cumulatively considerable net increase of any criteria pollutant for which the project region is non-attainment under an applicable federal or state ambient air quality standard (including releasing emissions which exceed quantitative thresholds for ozone precursors)? | | | | |

| | Potentially Significant Impact | Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated | Less Than Significant Impact | No Impact |
|--|--------------------------------------|--|------------------------------------|--------------|
| d) Expose sensitive receptors to substantial pollutant concentrations? | | | | X |
| e) Create objectionable odors affecting a substantial number of people? | | | | X |
| IV. BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES: Would the project: | | | | |
| a) Have a substantial adverse effect, either directly or through habitat modifications, on any species identified as a candidate, sensitive, or special status species in local or regional plans, policies, or regulations, or by the California Department of Fish and Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service? | | | | Ø |
| b) Have a substantial adverse effect on any riparian habitat or other sensitive natural community identified in local or regional plans, policies, regulations or by the California Department of Fish and Game or US Fish and Wildlife Service? | | | | \boxtimes |
| c) Have a substantial adverse effect on federally protected wetlands as defined by Section 404 of the Clean Water Act (including, but not limited to, marsh, vernal pool, coastal, etc.) through direct removal, filling, hydrological interruption, or other means? | | | | X |
| d) Interfere substantially with the movement of any native resident or migratory fish or wildlife species or with established native resident or migratory wildlife corridors, or impede the use of native wildlife nursery sites? | | | | X |
| e) Conflict with any local policies or ordinances protecting biological resources, such as a tree preservation policy or ordinance? | | | | X |
| f) Conflict with the provisions of an adopted Habitat Conservation Plan, Natural Community Conservation Plan, or other approved local, regional, or state habitat conservation plan? | | | | X |

| | Potentially Significant Impact | Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated | _ | No Impact |
|--|--------------------------------------|--|---|--------------|
| V. CULTURAL RESOURCES. Would the project: | | | | _ |
| a) Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a historical resource as defined in § 15064.5? | | | | X |
| b) Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of an archaeological resource pursuant to § 15064.5? | | | | X |
| c) Directly or indirectly destroy a unique paleontological resource or site or unique geologic feature? | | | | Ø |
| d) Disturb any human remains, including those interred outside of formal cemeteries? | | | | X |
| VI. GEOLOGY AND SOILS. Would the project: | | | | |
| a) Expose people or structures to potential substantial adverse effects, including the risk of loss, injury, or death involving: | | | | X |
| i) Rupture of a known earthquake fault, as delineated on the most recent Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Map issued by the State Geologist for the area or based on other substantial evidence of a known fault? Refer to Division of Mines and Geology Special Publication 42. | | | | |
| ii) Strong seismic ground shaking? | | | | X |
| iii) Seismic-related ground failure, including liquefaction? | | | | X |
| iv) Landslides? | | | | X |
| b) Result in substantial soil erosion or the loss of topsoil? | | | | X |
| c) Be located on a geologic unit or soil that is unstable, or that would become unstable as a result of the project, and potentially result in on- or off-site landslide, lateral spreading, subsidence, liquefaction or collapse? | | | | |

| | Potentially Significant Impact | Significant with Mitigation Incorporated | Less Than Significant Impact | No Impact |
|--|--------------------------------------|--|------------------------------------|--------------|
| d) Be located on expansive soil, as defined in Table 18-1-B of the Uniform Building Code (1994), creating substantial risks to life or property? | | | | X |
| e) Have soils incapable of adequately supporting the use of septic tanks or alternative waste water disposal systems where sewers are not available for the disposal of waste water? | | | | X |
| VII. GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS. Would the project: | | | | |
| a) Generate greenhouse gas emissions, either directly or indirectly, that may have a significant impact on the environment? | | | | X |
| b) Conflict with an applicable plan, policy or regulation adopted for the purpose of reducing the emissions of greenhouse gases? | | | | X |
| VIII. HAZARDS AND HAZARDOUS MATERIALS. Would the project: | | | | |
| a) Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through the routine transport, use, or disposal of hazardous materials? | | | | X |
| b) Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through reasonably foreseeable upset and accident conditions involving the release of hazardous materials into the environment? | | | | X |
| c) Emit hazardous emissions or handle hazardous or acutely hazardous materials, substances, or waste within one-quarter mile of an existing or proposed school? | | | | X |
| d) Be located on a site which is included on a list of hazardous materials sites compiled pursuant to Government Code Section 65962.5 and, as a result, would it create a significant hazard to the public or the environment? | | | | X |

| | Potentially Significant Impact | Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated | No Impact |
|---|--------------------------------------|--|--------------|
| e) For a project located within an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area? | | | X |
| f) For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area? | | | X |
| g) Impair implementation of or physically interfere with an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan? | | | X |
| h) Expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving wildland fires, including where wildlands are adjacent to urbanized areas or where residences are intermixed with wildlands? | | | M |
| IX. HYDROLOGY AND WATER QUALITY. Would the project: | | | |
| a) Violate any water quality standards or waste discharge requirements? | | | X |
| b) Substantially deplete groundwater supplies or interfere substantially with groundwater recharge such that there would be a net deficit in aquifer volume or a lowering of the local groundwater table level (e.g., the production rate of pre-existing nearby wells would drop to a level which would not support existing land uses or planned uses for which permits have been granted)? | | | |
| c) Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, in a manner which would result in substantial erosion or siltation on- or off-site? | | | |

| | Potentially Significant Impact | Significant with Mitigation Incorporated | Less Than Significant Impact | No Impact |
|---|--------------------------------------|--|------------------------------------|--------------|
| d) Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, or substantially increase the rate or amount of surface runoff in a manner which would result in flooding on- or off-site? | | | | X |
| e) Create or contribute runoff water which would exceed the capacity of existing or planned stormwater drainage systems or provide substantial additional sources of polluted runoff? | | | | |
| f) Otherwise substantially degrade water quality? | | | | \boxtimes |
| g) Place housing within a 100-year flood hazard area as mapped on a federal Flood Hazard Boundary or Flood Insurance Rate Map or other flood hazard delineation map? | | | | X |
| h) Place within a 100-year flood hazard area structures which would impede or redirect flood flows? | | | | X |
| i) Expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving flooding, including flooding as a result of the failure of a levee or dam? | | | | X |
| j) Inundation by seiche, tsunami, or mudflow? | | | | X |
| X. LAND USE AND PLANNING. Would the project: | | | | |
| a) Physically divide an established community? | | | | \boxtimes |
| b) Conflict with any applicable land use plan, policy, or regulation of an agency with jurisdiction over the project (including, but not limited to the general plan, specific plan, local coastal program, or zoning ordinance) adopted for the purpose of avoiding or mitigating an environmental effect? | | | | |

| | Potentially Significant | _ | Less Than Significant | |
|---|----------------------------|--------------|--------------------------|--------|
| c) Conflict with any applicable habitat conservation plan or natural community conservation plan? | Impact | Incorporated | Impact | Impact |
| XI. MINERAL RESOURCES. Would the project: | | | | |
| a) Result in the loss of availability of a known mineral resource that would be of value to the region and the residents of the state? | | | | X |
| b) Result in the loss of availability of a locally- important mineral resource recovery site delineated on a local general plan, specific plan or other land use plan? | | | | Ø |
| XII. NOISE Would the project result in: | | | | |
| a) Exposure of persons to or generation of noise levels in excess of standards established in the local general plan or noise ordinance, or applicable standards of other agencies? | | | | |
| b) Exposure of persons to or generation of excessive groundborne vibration or groundborne noise levels? | | | | X |
| c) A substantial permanent increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above levels existing without the project? | | | | |
| d) A substantial temporary or periodic increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above levels existing without the project? | | | | |
| e) For a project located within an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport, would the project expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels? | | | | |
| f) For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, would the project expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels? | | | | |

| | Potentially Significant Impact | Significant with Mitigation Incorporated | No Impact |
|---|--------------------------------------|--|--------------|
| XIII. POPULATION AND HOUSING. Would the project: | | | |
| a) Induce substantial population growth in an area, either directly (for example, by proposing new homes and businesses) or indirectly (for example, through extension of roads or other infrastructure)? | | | |
| b) Displace substantial numbers of existing housing, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere? | | | X |
| c) Displace substantial numbers of people, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere? | | | |
| XIV. PUBLIC SERVICES. | | | |
| a) Would the project result in substantial adverse physical impacts associated with the provision of new or physically altered governmental facilities, need for new or physically altered governmental facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental impacts, in order to maintain acceptable service ratios, response times or other performance objectives for any of the public services: | | | |
| Fire protection? | | | X |
| Police protection? | | | X |
| Schools? | | | X |
| Parks? | | | X |
| Other public facilities? | | | X |
| XV. RECREATION. | | | |
| a) Would the project increase the use of existing neighborhood and regional parks or other recreational facilities such that substantial physical deterioration of the facility would occur or be accelerated? | | | |

| | Potentially Significant Impact | Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated | Less Than Significant Impact | No Impact |
|---|--------------------------------------|--|------------------------------------|--------------|
| b) Does the project include recreational facilities or require the construction or expansion of recreational facilities which might have an adverse physical effect on the environment? | | | | |
| XVI. TRANSPORTATION/TRAFFIC. Would the project: | | | | |
| a) Conflict with an applicable plan, ordinance or policy establishing measures of effectiveness for the performance of the circulation system, taking into account all modes of transportation including mass transit and non-motorized travel and relevant components of the circulation system, including but not limited to intersections, streets, highways and freeways, pedestrian and bicycle paths, and mass transit? | | | | |
| b) Conflict with an applicable congestion management program, including, but not limited to level of service standards and travel demand measures, or other standards established by the county congestion management agency for designated roads or highways? | | | | X |
| c) Result in a change in air traffic patterns, including either an increase in traffic levels or a change in location that results in substantial safety risks? | | | | X |
| d) Substantially increase hazards due to a design feature (e.g., sharp curves or dangerous intersections) or incompatible uses (e.g., farm equipment)? | | | | X |
| e) Result in inadequate emergency access? | | | | \boxtimes |
| f) Conflict with adopted policies, plans, or programs regarding public transit, bicycle, or pedestrian facilities, or otherwise decrease the performance or safety of such facilities? | | | | |

| XVII. Tribal Cultural Resources. Would the project cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a tribal cultural resource, defined in Public Resources Code section 21074 as either a site, feature, place, cultural landscape that is geographically defined in terms of the size and section 2007. | Potentially Significant Impact | Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated | Less Tha Significar Impact | n nt No Impact |
|--|--------------------------------------|--|----------------------------------|----------------------|
| in terms of the size and scope of the landscape, sacred place, or object with cultural value to a California Native American tribe, and that is: | | | | |
| a) Listed or eligible for listing in the California Register of Historical Resources, or in a local register of historical resources as defined in Public Resources Code section 5020.1(k), or | | | | X |
| b) A resource determined by the lead agency, in its discretion and supported by substantial evidence, to be significant pursuant to criteria set forth in subdivision (c) of Public Resources Code Section 5024.1. In applying the criteria set forth in subdivision (c) of Public Resources Code Section 5024.1, the lead agency shall consider the significance of the resource to a California Native American tribe. | | | | |
| XVIIXVIII. UTILITIES AND SERVICE SYSTEMS. Would the project: | | ć | | |
| a) Exceed wastewater treatment requirements of the applicable Regional Water Quality Control Board? | | | | X |
| b) Require or result in the construction of new water or wastewater treatment facilities or expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental effects? | | | | Ø |
| c) Require or result in the construction of new storm water drainage facilities or expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental effects? | | | | X |

| | Potentially Significant Impact | Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated | Less Than Significant Impact | • |
|--|--------------------------------------|--|------------------------------------|-----------|
| d) Have sufficient water supplies available to serve the project from existing entitlements and resources, or are new or expanded entitlements needed? | | | | XIII.pact |
| e) Result in a determination by the wastewater treatment provider which serves or may serve the project that it has adequate capacity to serve the project's projected demand in addition to the provider's existing commitments? | | | | X |
| f) Be served by a landfill with sufficient permitted capacity to accommodate the project's solid waste disposal needs? | | | | X |
| g) Comply with federal, state, and local statutes and regulations related to solid waste? | | | | X |
| XVIIIXVIV. MANDATORY FINDINGS OF SIGNIFICANCE. | | | | |
| a) Does the project have the potential to degrade the quality of the environment, substantially reduce the habitat of a fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, reduce the number or restrict the range of a rare or endangered plant or animal or eliminate important examples of the major periods of California history or prehistory? | | | | X |
| b) Does the project have impacts that are individually limited, but cumulatively considerable? ("Cumulatively considerable" means that the incremental effects of a project are considerable when viewed in connection with the effects of past projects, the effects of other current projects, and the effects of probable future projects)? | | | | X |
| c) Does the project have environmental effects which will cause substantial adverse effects on human beings, either directly or indirectly? | | | | X |

Note: Authority cited: Sections 21083 and 21083.05, Public Resources Code. Reference: Section 65088.4, Gov. Code; Sections 21080(c), 21080.1, 21080.3, 21083, 21083.05, 21083.3, 21093, 21094, 21095, and 21151, Public Resources Code; Sundstrom v. County of Mendocino, (1988) 202 Cal.App.3d 296; Leonoff v. Monterey Board of Supervisors, (1990) 222 Cal.App.3d 1337; Eureka Citizens for Responsible Govt. v. City of Eureka (2007) 147 Cal.App.4th 357; Protect the Historic Amador Waterways v. Amador Water Agency (2004) 116 Cal.App.4th at 1109; San Franciscans Upholding the Downtown Plan v. City and County of San Francisco (2002) 102 Cal.App.4th 656.

Revised 2016

Authority: Public Resources Code sections 21083 and 21083.09

Reference: Public Resources Code sections 21073, 21074, 21080.3.1, 21080.3.2, 21082.3/21084.2 and 21084.3



State of California - Department of Fish and Wildlife 2018 ENVIRONMENTAL FILING FEE CASH RECEIPT DFW 753.5a (Rev. 01/02/18) Previously DFG 753.5a

| | | RECEIPT NUMB 15 — 032920 STATE CLEARIN | 18 — 151 | 36850 MBER (if applicable) | |
|---|--|--|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| | | | | | |
| SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON REVERSE. TYPE OR PRINT CLEARLY. | LEAD AGENCY EMAIL | | DATE | | |
| EAD AGENCY | | | 3/29/2018 | NUMBER | |
| CITY OF CALIFORNIA CITY | | | DOCUMENT | MOMBEL | |
| COUNTY/STATE AGENCY OF FILING | | | 10160 | | |
| Kern | | | | | |
| PROJECT TITLE | 01 | | | (DED | |
| PROJECT TITLE INITIAL STUDY, NEGATIVE DECLARATION AND GPA 18-01 PROJECT APPLICANT EMAIL | | | PHONE NUMBER (760) 559-5943 | | |
| PROJECT APPLICANT NAME | 1110020 | | 1. | | |
| DEVERY GRIMSHAW | CITY | STATE | ZIP CODE | | |
| PROJECT APPLICANT ADDRESS | CITY CITY | CA | 93305 | | |
| 8100 CALIFORNIA CITY BLVD | CALIFORNIA CITY | | | | |
| PROJECT APPLICANT (check appropriate box) | - One sint District | ☐ State | Agency | ⋈ Private Entity | |
| Local Public Agency School District | Other Special District | | | | |
| Local Public Agency | ····· | | | | |
| CHECK APPLICABLE FEES: | | \$3,168.00 \$ | | 2,280.75 | |
| Environmental Impact Report (EIR) | | \$2,280.75 | | 2,200,73 | |
| Mitigated/Negative Declaration (MND)(ND) | | \$1,077.00 | } | | |
| ⊠ Mitigated/Negative Desired □ Certified Regulatory Program document (CRP) | | 4.1, 2. | | | |
| Certified Regulatory (regulatory | | | | | |
| Exempt from fee | | | | | |
| Notice of Exemption (attach) | | | | | |
| mer - Determination (allacit) | - com/\ | | | | |
| ☐ CDFW No Effect Determination (each receipt ☐ Fee previously paid (attach previously issued cash receipt | (copy) | | | | |
| | Control Board only) | \$850.00 | | 50.00 | |
| ☐ Water Right Application or Petition Fee (State Water Res | Sources Control Donne | | \$ | | |
| - County documentary handling fee | | | \$ | | |
| | | | | 2,330.75 | |
| Other | TO | TAL RECEIVED | \$ | 2,354 | |
| PAYMENT METHOD: ☐ Cash ☐ Credit ☐ Check ☐ Other | | | | | |
| Cash Credit Credit | AGENCY OF FILING PRIN | TED NAME AND T | TLE | | |
| SIGNATURE | AGENOT OF THE | | EDIX CLIDED | VISOR | |
| A// | KERN COUNTY CLERK, V. ZUNIGA, CLERK SUPERVISOR | | | | |
| X Khinga | I Sun! Si | | | | |
| | | | | | |



STATE OF CALIFORNIA Governor's Office of Planning and Research State Clearinghouse and Planning Unit



April 25, 2018

Anu Doravari California City 21000 Hacienda Boulevard California City, CA 93505-2293

Subject: Initial Study, Negative Declaration, and General Plan Amendment 18-01

SCH#: 2018031072

Dear Anu Doravari:

The State Clearinghouse submitted the above named Negative Declaration to selected state agencies for review. On the enclosed Document Details Report please note that the Clearinghouse has listed the state agencies that reviewed your document. The review period closed on April 24, 2018, and the comments from the responding agency (ies) is (are) enclosed. If this comment package is not in order, please notify the State Clearinghouse immediately. Please refer to the project's ten-digit State Clearinghouse number in future correspondence so that we may respond promptly.

Please note that Section 21104(c) of the California Public Resources Code states that:

"A responsible or other public agency shall only make substantive comments regarding those activities involved in a project which are within an area of expertise of the agency or which are required to be carried out or approved by the agency. Those comments shall be supported by specific documentation."

These comments are forwarded for use in preparing your final environmental document. Should you need more information or clarification of the enclosed comments, we recommend that you contact the commenting agency directly.

This letter acknowledges that you have complied with the State Clearinghouse review requirements for draft environmental documents, pursuant to the California Environmental Quality Act. Please contact the State Clearinghouse at (916) 445-0613 if you have any questions regarding the environmental review process.

Sincerely,

Director, State Clearinghouse

Enclosures

Seott Morgan

cc: Resources Agency

Document Details Report State Clearinghouse Data Base

SCH# 2018031072

Project Title Initial Study, Negative Declaration, and General Plan Amendment 18-01

Lead Agency California City

Type Neg Negative Declaration

Description This project proposes to rezone 20 acres of vacant land to M1 Light Industrial for the purpose of

medical cannabis cultivation.

Lead Agency Contact

Name Anu Doravari

Agency California City

Phone (760) 373-7141

email

Address 21000 Hacienda Boulevard

City California City

Fax

State CA Zip 93505-2293

Project Location

County Kern

City California City

Region

Lat/Long 35° 13' 46" N / 118° 09' W

Cross Streets

Parcel No. 225-083-03

Township 32

Range 36

Section 22

Base mdbm

Proximity to:

Highways 1

Airports

Railways

Waterways

Schools

Land Use R5 - Estate density res

Project Issues Aesthetic/Visual; Agricultural Land; Air Quality; Archaeologic-Historic; Biological Resources; Minerals;

Noise; Population/Housing Balance; Public Services; Recreation/Parks; Toxic/Hazardous;

Traffic/Circulation; Water Quality

Reviewing Resources Agency; Department of Conservation; Department of Fish and Wildlife, Region 4; Cal Fire;

Department of Parks and Recreation; Department of Water Resources; Caltrans, District 9;

Department of Food and Agriculture; Air Resources Board, Major Industrial Projects; State Water Resources Control Board, Division of Drinking Water; Regional Water Quality Control Bd., Region 6

(Victorville); Department of Toxic Substances Control; Native American Heritage Commission

Date Received 03

Agencies

03/26/2018

Start of Review 03/26/2018

End of Review 04/24/2018





Lahontan Regional Water Quality Control Board

April 4, 2018

Governor's Office of Planning & Research

9/1/2 E

Craig Platt
Planning Director
City of California City
21000 Hacienda Blvd.
California City, CA 93505
planning2@californiacity-ca.gov

STATECLEARINGHOUSE

APR 04 2018

Comments on Notice of Intent to Adopt a Negative Declaration for Zone Change ZC 18-01 for the California City Business Park - West, City of California City, Kern County Assessor Parcel Number 225-083-03

State Clearinghouse Number 2018031072

The California Regional Water Quality Control Board, Lahontan Region (Water Board) staff received an Initial Study and proposed Mitigated Negative Declaration (IS/MND) for the above-referenced proposed Project (the Project) on March 26, 2018. The Project includes re-zoning 20 acres of vacant land from R5 Estate Density Residential to M1 Light Industrial for the purpose of medical cannabis cultivation. Four tilt-up and steel buildings will be constructed ranging in size from 10,000 to 12,000 square feet.

Water Board staff, acting as a responsible agency, is providing these comments to specify the scope and content of the environmental information germane to our statutory responsibilities pursuant to CEQA Guidelines, California Code of Regulations (CCR), title 14, section 15096. We thank the City for providing Water Board staff the opportunity to provide early review and comment on the Project and for taking the initiative to develop the Project with considerations to potential effects on water quality.

Based on our review of the IS/MND, we recommend revising appropriate sections of the IS/MND to address the potential water quality concerns associated with the quality and quantity of industrial wastewater generated by the cannabis cultivation, and describe the specific mitigation measures to be imposed to reduce potential impacts to a less than significant level. We also recommend the Project description be revised to include sufficient detail of key project components, including site specific sediment and erosion control Best Management Practices (BMPs). Our comments on the Project are outlined below.

WATER BOARD'S AUTHORITY

All groundwater and surface waters are considered waters of the State. All waters of the State are protected under California law. State law assigns responsibility for protection of water quality in the Lahontan Region to the Lahontan Water Board. Some waters of the

PETER C. PUMPHREY, CHAIR | PATTY Z. KOUYOUMDJIAN, EXECUTIVE OFFICER

intends to apply treated water to the land surface (e.g., landscape irrigation), then the cultivator will need to separately apply for a recycling irrigation permit.

Request: Please identify the wastewater and/or recycled water sludge disposal method and ensure appropriate Water Board permits are obtained.

2. Solid waste disposal

The IS/MND does not identify how much solid waste will be generated, nor does it state how and where solid waste will be disposed. The IS/MND instead states generation of solid waste will not affect local landfill capacity.

Request: Please clarify where solid waste will be disposed, and estimate the quantity of waste to be disposed.

3. Sediment discharge

The IS/MND provides a brief overview of the Project, but provides little explanation to substantiate the findings that the Project will not have a significant effect on the environment, particularly on hydrology and water quality.

Request: The Project description should include sufficient detail of key project components, including a list of site specific sediment and erosion control BMPs as well as other mitigation measures intended to reduce potentially significant impacts to a less than significant level, so that Water Board staff reviewing the environmental document has adequate information to evaluate the Project's potential impacts to hydrology and water quality resources.

4. Stormwater conveyance

No details are provided regarding drainage design, including the design storm capacity. Because increased runoff from developed areas is a key variable driving a number of other adverse effects, attention to maintaining the pre-development hydrograph will prevent or minimize many problems and will limit the need for other analyses and mitigation.

Request: The IS/MND should be revised to include an adequate description of proposed and existing drainage facilities, and to describe the specific mitigation measures to reduce potential impacts to a less than significant level.

5. Groundwater beneficial use

The Project is located within the Koehn Hydrologic Area (Hydrologic Unit No. 625.40) of the Fremont Hydrologic Unit and overlies the Fremont Valley groundwater basin (Basin No. 6-46). The Fremont Valley groundwater basin has an indevelopment Salt Nutrient Management Plan, led by California City Department of Public Works, intended to facilitate consistent basin-wide management of salts and nutrients from all sources in a manner that optimizes recycled water use while ensuring protection of groundwater supply, beneficial uses, and human health.

10. Stormwater Permit

Depending on the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) code for industrial-type activities at a specific site, individual projects may require an *NPDES General Industrial Storm Water Permit*, WQO-2014-0057-DWQ, obtained from the State Water Board, or individual Storm Water Permit obtained from the Lahontan Water Board.

11. Discharge to Land

Discharge of waste to land (i.e. evaporation ponds) may require WDRs issued by the Lahontan Water Board in compliance with the CCR, title 27, section 20005 et seq. If the Project includes wastes that can be characterized as either designated and/or non-hazardous, and a planned discharge to land would occur, the discharger will be required to submit the Report of Waste Discharge application, Form 200, to the Water Board. Cannabis cultivation wastewater, specifically, is considered industrial wastewater and discharge of industrial wastewater onsite is noncompliant with the State Water Board's Onsite Wastewater Treatment System Policy (located at https://www.waterboards.ca.gov/water_issues/programs/owts/).

We request that the IS/MND recognize the potential required permits for the Project, as outlined above, and identify the specific activities triggering these permitting actions in the appropriate sections of the environmental document. Information regarding these permits, including application forms, can be downloaded from our web site at http://www.waterboards.ca.gov/lahontan/. We recommend early consultation with Lahontan Water Board staff regarding potential permitting.

Thank you for the opportunity to comment on the IS/MND. If you have any questions regarding this letter, please contact me at (530) 542-5434, or at (eric.taxer@waterboards.ca.gov). Please send all future correspondence regarding the Project to the Water Board's email address at (lahontan@waterboards.ca.gov).

Eric J. Taxer

Senior Water Resource Control Engineer

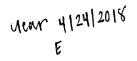
cc: State Clearinghouse (SCH 2018031072) (state.clearinghouse@opr.ca.gov) California Department of Fish and Wildlife (reg4assistant@wildlife.ca.gov)

EJT/gg/T: CA City GP Amendment 18-01 CEQA Comment 2018-04-02 EJT

File Under: ECM

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

DISTRICT 9 500 SOUTH MAIN STREET BISHOP, CA 93514 PHONE (760) 872-0785 FAX (760) 872-0678 TTY 711 www.dot.ca.gov





3overnors Office of Planning & Research

APR 11 2018

April 11, 2018

STATECLEARINGHOUSE

Ms. Anu Doravari
California City Planning Department
21000 Hacienda Blvd.
California City, California 93505

File: KER-14-22.45 IS/ND SCH #: 2018031072

Zone Change 18-01 - Initial Study, Negative Declaration, and General Plan Amendment for Medical Cannabis Cultivation

Dear Ms. Doravari:

Thank you for giving the California Department of Transportation (Caltrans) District 9 the opportunity to review the proposed zone change to allow Medical Cannabis Cultivation, east of State Route (SR) 14. We offer the following:

• We recommend that project access to SR 14 is taken via California City Boulevard, rather than the at-grade SR 14 intersection with Pesch Boulevard and Leiman Road.

We value our cooperative working relationship with California City on projects affecting the State Transportation System. Please contact me at (760) 872-0785, with any questions.

Sincerely,

GAYLÉ J. ROSANDER External Project Liaison

y Misander

c: State Clearinghouse Mark Reistetter, Caltrans



April 24, 2018

www.wildlife.ca.gov

Anu Doravari City of California City 21000 Hacienda Blvd. California City, California 93505

Subject: General Plan Amendment 18-01, APN: 225-083-03 (Project) Initial Study/Negative Declaration SCH No. 2018031072

The California Department of Fish and Wildlife (CDFW) received an Initial Study/Negative Declaration (IS/ND) from the City of California City for the above-referenced Project pursuant to the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) and CEQA Guidelines.¹

Thank you for the opportunity to provide comments and recommendations regarding those activities involved in the Project that may affect California fish and wildlife. Likewise, CDFW appreciates the opportunity to provide comments regarding those aspects on the Project that CDFW, by law, may be required to carry out or approve through the exercise of its own regulatory authority under Fish and Game Code.

CDFW ROLE

CDFW is California's **Trustee Agency** for fish and wildlife resources, and holds those resources in trust by statue for all the people of the State (Fish and Game Code, §§ 711.7, subd. (a) & 1802; Pub. Resources Code, § 21070; CEQA Guidelines § 15386, subd. (a)). CDFW, in its trustee capacity, has jurisdiction over the conservation, protection, and management of fish, wildlife, native plants, and habitat necessary for biologically sustainable populations of those species (*Id.*, § 1802). Similarly, for purposes of CEQA, CDFW is charged by law to provide, as available, biological expertise during public agency environmental review efforts, focusing specifically on projects and related activities that have the potential to adversely affect fish and wildlife resources.

¹ CEQA is codified in the California Public Resources Code in section 21000 et seq. The "CEQA Guidelines" are found in Title 14 of the California Code of Regulations, commencing with section 15000.

CDFW is also submitting comments as a **Responsible Agency** under CEQA (Pub. Resources Code, § 21069; CEQA Guidelines, § 15381). CDFW expects that it may need to exercise regulatory authority as provided by the Fish and Game Code. As proposed, for example, the Project may be subject to CDFW's lake and streambed alteration regulatory authority (Fish & G. Code, § 1600 et seq.). Likewise, to the extent implementation of the Project as proposed may result in "take" as defined by State law of any species protected under the California Endangered Species Act (CESA) (Fish & Game Code, § 2050 et seq.), related authorized as provided by the Fish and Game Code will be required.

In this role, CDFW is responsible for providing, as available, biological expertise during public agency environmental review efforts (e.g., CEQA), focusing specifically on project activities that have the potential to adversely affect fish and wildlife resources. CDFW provides recommendations to identify potential impacts and possible measures to avoid or reduce those impacts.

Protected Furbearing Mammals: CDFW has jurisdiction over furbearing mammals pursuant to Title 14, California Code of Regulations, Section 460. This Section states, "Fisher, marten, river otter, desert kit fox and red fox may not be taken at any time"; therefore, CDFW cannot authorize their take.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION SUMMARY

Proponent: California City

Objective: The Project proponent is seeking to rezone 20 acres of vacant desert land to M1-Light Industrial for the purpose of Medicinal Cannabis Cultivation.

Location: The Project will take place on one property located north of California City Boulevard, south of Pesch Boulevard, east of 15th Street, west of the railroad, APN 225-083-03 (20 acres); Township 32 South, Range 36 East, on a portion of Section 22, USGS 7.5 Minute Quad Map Mojave NE, M.D.B.M. (Project site).

Timeframe: Unspecified.

RECOMMENDATIONS

CDFW offers the following comments and recommendations to assist the City of California City in adequately identifying and/or mitigating the Project's significant, or potentially significant, direct and indirect impacts on fish and wildlife (biological) resources.

I. Environmental Setting and Related Impact

Would the Project have a substantial adverse effect, either directly or through habitat modifications, on any species identified as a candidate, sensitive, or special status species in local or regional plans, policies, or regulations, or by CDFW or the United States Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS)?

Review of the California Natural Diversity Database (CNDDB) reveals records for several special-status species within the vicinity of the Project area including, but not limited to, State and federally threatened desert tortoise (*Gopherus agassizii*); the State threatened Mohave ground squirrel (*Xerospermophilus mohavensis*); the State Species of Special Concern burrowing owl (*Athene cunicularia*), American badger (*Taxidea taxus*), and Le Conte's thrasher (*Toxostoma lecontei*); and the State protected furbearing mammal desert kit fox (*Vulpes macrotis* ssp. *macrotis*) (CDFW 2018a). Review of aerial imagery indicates that the Project site is vacant desert habitat. The Project therefore has the potential to impact biological resources. An analysis of potential impacts and recommended mitigation measures summarized by species follows below.

Desert Tortoise

Issue: The Project site is within the range of desert tortoise and appears to contain suitable habitat based on aerial imagery (CDFW 2018a). Desert tortoise are most common in desert scrub, desert wash, and Joshua tree habitats (CDFW 2018b).

Specific impact: Potentially significant impacts that may result from Project-related activities include loss of foraging habitat, habitat degradation and fragmentation, burrow destruction, and direct mortality.

Evidence impact is potentially significant: Human impacts to desert tortoise include habitat conversion to agriculture and urban lands, degradation of habitat by off-highway vehicles (OHV), intentional killing of tortoises, and killing by cars and OHV (Doak et al. 1994). Habitat conversion to agriculture results in the loss of habitat and may lead to an increase in the predator raven population, drawdown of water table, introduction of pesticides and other toxic chemicals, and the potential introduction of invasive plants (Boarman 2002). Project activities may result in the loss of potential desert tortoise habitat through conversion, may increase habitat fragmentation, and expand urbanization into the area.

Recommended Potentially Feasible Mitigation Measure(s)

To evaluate potential Project-related impacts to desert tortoise, CDFW recommends conducting the following evaluation of the Project site and including the following measures in a CEQA document.

Desert tortoise surveys

CDFW recommends that a qualified biologist conduct surveys during the appropriate survey period following the protocol contained in "Preparing for any action that may occur within the range of the Mojave desert tortoise (*Gopherus agassizii*)" (USFWS 2010) to determine the potential for desert tortoise to use the Project site and surrounding area. Survey results are advised to be submitted to both CDFW and the USFWS. Please note that CDFW considers desert tortoise surveys valid for one year and CDFW recommends that surveys be conducted within a year of the start of ground-disturbing activities.

Desert Tortoise Take Authorization

If desert tortoise are found within the Project area during preconstruction surveys or construction activities, consultation with CDFW is advised to discuss how to implement the Project and avoid take; or if avoidance is not feasible, to acquire an Incidental Take Permit (ITP) prior to any ground-disturbing activities, pursuant Fish and Game Code § 2081(b).

Mohave ground squirrel (MGS)

Issue: Based on aerial imagery the Project site appears to contain suitable habitat for MGS and there are multiple MGS occurrences within 5 miles of the Project site (CDFW 2018a).

Specific impact: Without appropriate avoidance and minimization measure for MGS, potential significant impacts associated with the Project's construction include burrow collapse, inadvertent entrapment, reduced reproductive success, and mortality of individuals.

Evidence impact is potentially significant: Major threats to the MGS are drought, habitat destruction, habitat fragmentation, and habitat degradation (Gustafson 1993). MGS is restricted to a small geographic range and the greatest habitat loss has occurred near desert towns including California City (Gustafson 1993). Natural cycling is anticipated in MGS populations; therefore, the true indicators of the status of the species are the quantity, pattern of distribution, and quality of habitat (Gustafson 1993). Project activities may result in the loss of potential MGS habitat through conversion, may increase habitat fragmentation, and expand urbanization into the area.

Recommended Potentially Feasible Mitigation Measure(s)

To evaluate potential Project-related impacts to MGS, CDFW recommends conducting the following evaluation of the Project site and including the following measures in a CEQA document.

Mohave ground squirrel surveys

CDFW recommends that a qualified permitted biologist conduct protocol surveys for MGS following the methods described in the "Mohave Ground Squirrel Survey Guidelines" (CDFG 2003) during the appropriate survey season prior to Project implementation. Results of the MGS surveys are advised to be submitted to the CDFW. Please note that CDFW considers MGS surveys valid for one year and CDFW recommends surveys be conducted within a year of the start of ground-disturbing activities.

Mohave ground squirrel avoidance

In order to implement full avoidance for MGS, CDFW recommends a 50-foot no-disturbance buffer be employed around all burrows that could be used by MGS.

Mohave ground squirrel Take Authorization

If MGS are found within the Project area during preconstruction surveys or construction activities, consultation with CDFW is recommended to discuss how to implement the Project and avoid take; or if avoidance is not feasible, to acquire an ITP prior to any ground-disturbing activities, pursuant Fish and Game Code § 2081(b).

Burrowing Owl (BUOW)

Issue: BUOW have been documented within 6 miles of the Project area (CDFW 2018a). Desert habitat within the Project area may support small mammal burrows, a requisite habitat feature for BUOW. Habitat both within and surrounding the Project area may also provide suitable foraging habitat for BUOW.

Specific impact: Without appropriate avoidance and minimization measures for BUOW, potential significant impacts include nest abandonment, which may result in reduced nesting success such as reduced health or vigor of eggs or young, in addition to direct mortality in violation of the Migratory Bird Treaty Act and Fish and Game Code.

Evidence impact is potentially significant: The Project area is within the range of BUOW and suitable burrow habitat may be present on or in the vicinity of the Project area. BUOW rely on burrow habitat year round for their survival and reproduction. Threats to BUOW include habitat loss and degradation from urbanization of farmland, changes in agriculture practices, and loss of open lands (Gervais et al. 2008). In addition, activities including grading, disking, cultivation, earth moving, burrow blockage, heavy equipment compacting of burrows, and disturbance which may result in harassment of owls at occupied burrows have the potential to result in take of BUOW (CDFG 2012). Additionally, activities that may impact BOUW populations include eradication of host burrowers, changes in vegetation management, and use of pesticides and rodenticides (CDFG 2012). Therefore, the Project has the potential to

significantly impact local BUOW populations. In addition, and as described in CDFW's "Staff Report on Burrowing Owl Mitigation" (CDFG 2012), excluding BUOW is considered a potentially significant impact under CEQA.

Recommended Potentially Feasible Mitigation Measure(s)

To evaluate potential Project-related impacts to burrowing owl, CDFW recommends conducting the following evaluation of the Project site and including the following measures in a CEQA document.

BUOW Surveys

CDFW recommends assessing presence/absence of BUOW by having a qualified biologist conduct surveys following the California Burrowing Owl Consortium's (CBOC) "Burrowing Owl Survey Protocol and Mitigation Guidelines" (CBOC 1993) and CDFW's Staff Report on Burrowing Owl Mitigation" (CDFG 2012). CDFW advises that surveys include a 500-foot buffer around the Project area.

BUOW Avoidance

CDFW recommends implementing no-disturbance buffers, as outlined in the "Staff Report on Burrowing Owl Mitigation" (CDFG 2012), prior to and during any ground-disturbing activities associated with Project implementation. Specifically, CDFW's Staff Report recommends that impacts to occupied burrows be avoided in accordance with the following table unless a qualified biologist approved by CDFW verifies through non-invasive methods that either: 1) the birds have not begun egg laying and incubation; or 2) that juveniles from the occupied burrows are foraging independently and are capable of independent survival.

| Location | Time of Voor | Level of Disturbance | | |
|---------------|----------------|----------------------|-------|-------|
| | Time of Year | Low | Med | High |
| Nesting sites | April 1-Aug 15 | 200 m* | 500 m | 500 m |
| Nesting sites | Aug 16-Oct 15 | 200 m | 200 m | 500 m |
| Nesting sites | Oct 16-Mar 31 | 50 m | 100 m | 500 m |

^{*} meters (m)

BUOW Passive Relocation and Mitigation

If BUOW are found to occupy the Project site and avoidance is not possible, it is important to note that according to the Staff Report (CDFG 2012), exclusion is not a take avoidance, minimization, or mitigation method and is considered a potentially significant impact under CEQA. However, if necessary, CDFW recommends that

burrow exclusion be conducted by qualified biologists and only during the non-breeding season, before breeding behavior is exhibited and after the burrow is confirmed empty through non-invasive methods, such as surveillance. CDFW recommends replacement of occupied burrows with artificial burrows at a ratio of 1 burrow collapsed to 1 artificial burrow constructed (1:1) as mitigation for the potentially significant impact of evicting BUOW. BUOW may attempt to colonize or re-colonize an area that will be impacted; thus, CDFW recommends ongoing surveillance of the Project site during Project activities, at a rate that is sufficient to detect BUOW if they return.

American Badger

Issue: The Project area is within the range of American badger and contains suitable habitat features to support this species. American badger can occupy a diversity of habitats and requires sufficient food, friable soils, and open, uncultivated ground (Williams 1986).

Specific impact: Without appropriate avoidance and minimization measures for American badger, potential significant impacts include den abandonment, which may result in reduced health or vigor of young, in addition to direct mortality.

Evidence impact is potentially significant: The American badger population in California has been declining due to agriculture and urban development (Williams 1986). The Project area is within the range of American badger and suitable habitat may be present on or in the vicinity of the Project area. As a result, Project activities have the potential to significantly impact local populations of American badger.

Recommended Potentially Feasible Mitigation Measure(s)

To evaluate potential Project-related impacts to American badger, CDFW recommends conducting the following evaluation of the Project site and including the following measures in a CEQA document.

American Badger Surveys

To evaluate potential Project-related impacts to the American badger, CDFW recommends that a qualified biologist conduct focused surveys for American badger and their requisite habitat features, in advance of Project implementation.

American Badger Avoidance

Avoidance whenever possible is encouraged via delineation and observing a 50-foot no-disturbance buffer around dens.

II. Editorial Comments and/or Suggestions

Notification of Lake and Streambed Alteration: CDFW has regulatory authority with regard to activities occurring in streams and/or lakes that could adversely affect any fish or wildlife resource, pursuant to Fish and Game Code §§ 1600 et seq. Section 1602(a) of the Fish and Game Code requires an entity to notify CDFW before engaging in activities that would substantially change or use any material from the bed, channel, or bank of any stream or substantially divert or obstruct the natural flow of a stream.

Additionally, Business and Professions Code 26060.1 (b)(3) includes a requirement that California Department of Food and Agriculture cannabis cultivation licensees demonstrate compliance with Fish and Game Code § 1602 through written verification from CDFW. CDFW recommends submission of a Lake and Streambed Alteration Notification to CDFW for the proposed Project prior to initiation of any cultivation activities.

Desert Kit Fox: The proposed Project site is within desert kit fox range and contains suitable habitat for the species. The desert kit fox is protected under Title 14, California Code of Regulations, Section 460, which prohibits take of the species at any time. CDFW recommends that the USFWS "Standardized recommendations for protection of the San Joaquin kit fox prior to or during ground disturbance" (2011) be followed and that surveys be conducted accordingly and prior to commencing any Project-related activities. If any active or potential dens are found on the Project site during these surveys, consultation with CDFW would be warranted for guidance on take avoidance measures for the desert kit fox.

Nesting birds: CDFW has jurisdiction over actions with potential to result in the disturbance or destruction of active nest sites or the unauthorized take of birds. Fish and Game Code sections that protect birds, their eggs and nests include §§ 3503 (regarding unlawful take, possession or needless destruction of the nest or eggs of any bird), 3503.5 (regarding the take, possession or destruction of any birds-of-prey or their nests or eggs), and 3513 (regarding unlawful take of any migratory nongame bird).

Habitat within the Project area likely provides nesting habitat for birds. For this reason, CDFW encourages Project implementation occur during the non-nesting bird season. However, if ground-disturbing activities must occur during the breeding season (February through mid-September), the Project applicant is responsible for ensuring that implementation of the Project does not result in violation of the Migratory Bird Treaty Act or relevant Fish and Game Codes as referenced above.

To evaluate Project-related impacts on nesting birds, CDFW recommends that a qualified wildlife biologist conduct pre-activity surveys for active nests no more than 10 days prior to the start of ground disturbance to maximize the probability that nests that could potentially be impacted are detected. CDFW also recommends that surveys cover a sufficient area around the work site to identify nests and determine their status.

A sufficient area means any area potentially affected by a project. In addition to direct impacts (i.e. nest destruction), noise, vibration, odors, and movement of workers or equipment could also affect nests. Prior to initiation of construction activities, CDFW recommends a qualified biologist conduct a survey to establish a behavioral baseline of all identified nests. Once construction begins, CDFW recommends a qualified biologist continuously monitor nests to detect behavioral changes resulting from the project. If behavioral changes occur, CDFW recommends the work causing that change cease and CDFW consulted for additional avoidance and minimization measures.

If continuous monitoring of identified nests by a qualified wildlife biologist is not feasible, CDFW recommends a minimum no-disturbance buffer of 250 feet around active nests of non-listed bird species and a 500-foot no-disturbance buffer around active nests of non-listed raptors. These buffers are advised to remain in place until the breeding season has ended or until a qualified biologist has determined that the birds have fledged and are no longer reliant upon the nest or parental care for survival. Variance from these no-disturbance buffers is possible when there is compelling biological or ecological reason to do so, such as when the construction area would be concealed from a nest site by topography. CDFW recommends that a qualified wildlife biologist advise and support any variance from these buffers and notify CDFW in advance of implementing a variance.

ENVIRONMENTAL DATA

CEQA requires that information developed in environmental impact reports and negative declarations be incorporated into a database, which may be used to make subsequent or supplemental environmental determinations (Pub. Resources Code, § 21003, subd. (e)). Accordingly, please report any special status species and natural communities detected during Project surveys to CNDDB. The CNNDB field survey form can be found at the following link: https://www.wildlife.ca.gov/Data/CNDDB/Submitting-Data#44524420-pdf-field-survey-form. The completed form can be mailed electronically to CNDDB at the following email address: CNDDB@wildlife.ca.gov. The types of information reported to CNDDB can be found at the following link: https://www.wildlife.ca.gov/Data/CNDDB/Plants-and-Animals.

FILING FEES

If it is determined that the Project has the potential to impact biological resources, an assessment of filing fees will be necessary. Fees are payable upon filing of the Notice of Determination by the Lead Agency and serve to help defray the cost of environmental review by CDFW. Payment of the fee is required in order for the underlying project approval to be operative, vested, and final (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 14, § 753.5; Fish & Game Code, § 711.4; Pub. Resources Code, § 21089).

If you have any questions, please contact Benessa Galvan, Environmental Scientist, at the address provided on this letterhead, by telephone at (559) 243-4014, extension 244, or by electronic mail at Benessa.Galvan@wildlife.ca.gov.

Sincerely,

Julie A. Vance

Regional Manager

Literature Cited

Boarman, W. I., 2002. Threats to Desert Tortoise Populations: A Critical Review of Literature. U.S. Geological Survey Western Ecological Research Center, August 9, 2002.

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Gustafson, J., 1993. Report to the Fish and Game Commission: A Status Review of the Mohave Ground Squirrel (*Spermophilus mohavensis*). California Department of Fish and Game, March 1993.

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Williams, D., 1986. Mammalian Species of Special Concern in California. California Department of Fish and Game, February 1986.

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

DISTRICT 9 500 SOUTH MAIN STREET BISHOP, CA 93514 PHONE (760) 872-0785 FAX (760) 872-0678 TTY 711 www.dot.ca.gov



April 11, 2018

Ms. Anu Doravari California City Planning Department 21000 Hacienda Blvd. California City, California 93505 File: KER-14-22.45

IS/ND

SCH #: 2018031072

Zone Change 18-01 - Initial Study, Negative Declaration, and General Plan Amendment for Medical Cannabis Cultivation

Dear Ms. Doravari:

Thank you for giving the California Department of Transportation (Caltrans) District 9 the opportunity to review the proposed zone change to allow Medical Cannabis Cultivation, east of State Route (SR) 14. We offer the following:

• We recommend that project access to SR 14 is taken via California City Boulevard, rather than the at-grade SR 14 intersection with Pesch Boulevard and Leiman Road.

We value our cooperative working relationship with California City on projects affecting the State Transportation System. Please contact me at (760) 872-0785, with any questions.

Sincerely,

GAYLÉ J. ROSANDER

External Project Liaison

c: State Clearinghouse Mark Reistetter, Caltrans May 8, 2018

Devery Grimshaw/ Locam LLC MM Michael J. Meister

8100 California City Blvd.

California City, CA 93505

City of California City

21000 Hacienda Blvd.

California City, CA 93505

Proposed zone change APN 225-083-03

City Staff,

Please find the attached application for zone change and general plan amendment for APN 225-083-03 a 20-acre parcel located in California City, CA. The parcel shares a property line on the north and west that are currently zoned to M-1 industrial. With the current zoning neighboring our parcel to the North and the West we feel to maintain the value and best use of our land that it should also be rezoned to M-1 industrial to confirm with the new surrounding zoning and general plan.

We intend to market our property industrial industries like solar farm companies, storage facilities, industrial park investors/developers and the cannabis industry as allowed by the city ordinance.

Thank you for your time and consideration.

Sincerely,

Devery Grimshaw